

# Data Integrity

## Detecting and Responding to Ransomware and Other Destructive Events

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**Volume A:**  
**Executive Summary**

**Jennifer Cawthra**

National Cybersecurity Center of Excellence  
NIST

**Michael Ekstrom**

**Lauren Lusty**

**Julian Sexton**

**John Sweetnam**

**Anne Townsend**

The MITRE Corporation  
McLean, Virginia

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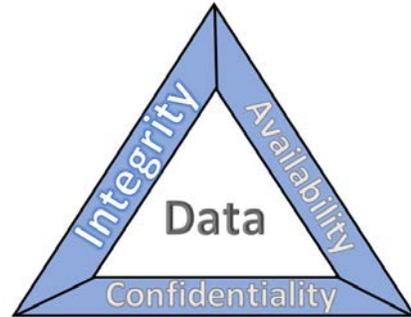
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This publication is available free of charge from <https://www.nccoe.nist.gov/projects/building-blocks/data-integrity/detect-respond>.

# 1 Executive Summary

2 The CIA triad represents the three pillars of information security: confidentiality, integrity, and  
3 availability, as follows.

- 4     ▪ Confidentiality – preserving authorized restrictions on  
5 information access and disclosure, including means for  
6 protecting personal privacy and proprietary  
7 information
- 8     ▪ Integrity – guarding against improper information  
9 modification or destruction and ensuring information  
10 non-repudiation and authenticity
- 11     ▪ Availability – ensuring timely and reliable access to and  
12 use of information



13 This series of practice guides focuses on data integrity: the property that data has not been altered in an  
14 unauthorized manner. Data integrity covers data in storage, during processing, and while in transit.  
15 (Note: These definitions are from National Institute of Standards ([NIST Special Publication \(SP\) 800-12](#)  
16 [Rev 1, An Introduction to Information Security.](#))

- 17     ▪ Destructive malware, ransomware, malicious insider activity, and even honest mistakes all set  
18 the stage for why organizations need to quickly detect and respond to an event that impacts  
19 data integrity. Businesses must be confident that these events are detected quickly and  
20 responded to appropriately.
- 21     ▪ Attacks against an organization’s data can compromise  
22 emails, employee records, financial records, and customer  
23 information—impacting business operations, revenue,  
24 and reputation.
- 25     ▪ Examples of data integrity attacks include unauthorized  
26 insertion, deletion, or modification of data to corporate  
27 information such as emails, employee records, financial  
28 records, and customer data.
- 29     ▪ The National Cybersecurity Center of Excellence (NCCoE)  
30 at NIST built a laboratory environment to explore  
31 methods to effectively detect and respond to a data  
32 integrity event in various information technology (IT) enterprise environments, to immediately  
33 react to the event in an effort to prevent a complete compromise.
- 34     ▪ This NIST Cybersecurity Practice Guide demonstrates how organizations can develop and  
35 implement appropriate actions during a detected data integrity cybersecurity event.



## 36 CHALLENGE

37 Some organizations have experienced systemic attacks that force operations to cease. One variant of a  
38 data integrity attack—ransomware—encrypts data, leaving it modified in an unusable state. Other data  
39 integrity attacks may be more dynamic, targeting machines, spreading laterally across networks, and

40 continuing to cause damage throughout an organization. In either case, behaviors are exhibited—such  
41 as files inexplicably becoming encrypted or network activity—that provide an ability to immediately  
42 detect the occurrence and respond in a timely fashion to curtail the ramifications.

### 43 SOLUTION

44 NIST published version 1.1 of the Cybersecurity Framework in April 2018 to provide guidance on  
45 protecting and developing resiliency for critical infrastructure and other sectors. The framework core  
46 contains five functions, listed below.

- 47     ▪ **Identify** – develop an organizational understanding  
48         to manage cybersecurity risk to systems, people,  
49         assets, data, and capabilities
- 50     ▪ **Protect** – develop and implement appropriate  
51         safeguards to ensure delivery of critical services
- 52     ▪ **Detect** – develop and implement appropriate  
53         activities to identify the occurrence of a  
54         cybersecurity event
- 55     ▪ **Respond** – develop and implement appropriate  
56         activities to take action regarding a detected  
57         cybersecurity incident
- 58     ▪ **Recover** – develop and implement appropriate  
59         activities to maintain plans for resilience and to restore any capabilities or services that were  
60         impaired due to a cybersecurity incident



61 For more information, see the [Framework for Improving Critical Infrastructure Cybersecurity v1.1](#).

62 Applying the Cybersecurity Framework to data integrity, this practice guide informs organizations of  
63 how to quickly **detect** and **respond** to data integrity attacks by implementing appropriate activities that  
64 immediately inform about the data integrity events.

65 The NCCoE developed and implemented a solution that incorporates multiple systems working in  
66 concert to **detect** an ongoing data integrity cybersecurity event. Additionally, the solution provides  
67 guidance on how to **respond** to the detected event. Addressing these functions together enables  
68 organizations to have the necessary tools to act during a data integrity attack.

69 The NCCoE sought existing technologies that provided the following capabilities:

- 70     ▪ event detection
- 71     ▪ forensics/analysis
- 72     ▪ integrity monitoring
- 73     ▪ logging
- 74     ▪ mitigation and containment
- 75     ▪ reporting

76 While the NCCoE used a suite of commercial products to address this challenge, this guide does not  
77 endorse these particular products, nor does it guarantee compliance with any regulatory initiatives. Your  
78 organization’s information security experts should identify the products that will best integrate with  
79 your existing tools and IT system infrastructure. Your organization can adopt this solution or one that  
80 adheres to these guidelines in whole, or you can use this guide as a starting point for tailoring and  
81 implementing parts of a solution.

## 82 **BENEFITS**

83 The NCCoE’s practice guide to Data Integrity: Detecting and Responding to Ransomware and Other  
84 Destructive Events can help your organization:

- 85       ▪ develop a strategy for detecting and responding to a data integrity cybersecurity event
- 86       ▪ facilitate effective detection and response to adverse events, maintain operations, and ensure  
87       the integrity and availability of data critical to supporting business operations and revenue-  
88       generating activities
- 89       ▪ manage enterprise risk (consistent with foundations of the NIST *Framework for Improving*  
90       *Critical Infrastructure Cybersecurity*)

## 91 **SHARE YOUR FEEDBACK**

92 You can view or download the guide at [https://www.nccoe.nist.gov/projects/building-blocks/data-  
93 integrity/detect-respond](https://www.nccoe.nist.gov/projects/building-blocks/data-integrity/detect-respond). Help the NCCoE make this guide better by sharing your thoughts with us as  
94 you read the guide. If you adopt this solution for your own organization, please share your experience  
95 and advice with us. We recognize that technical solutions alone will not fully enable the benefits of our  
96 solution, so we encourage organizations to share lessons learned and best practices for transforming the  
97 processes associated with implementing this guide.

98 To provide comments or to learn more by arranging a demonstration of this example implementation,  
99 contact the NCCoE at [ds-nccoe@nist.gov](mailto:ds-nccoe@nist.gov).

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## 100 **TECHNOLOGY PARTNERS/COLLABORATORS**

101 Organizations participating in this project submitted their capabilities in response to an open call in the  
102 Federal Register for all sources of relevant security capabilities from academia and industry (vendors  
103 and integrators). The following respondents with relevant capabilities or product components (identified  
104 as “Technology Partners/Collaborators” herein) signed a Cooperative Research and Development  
105 Agreement (CRADA) to collaborate with NIST in a consortium to build this example solution.



107 Certain commercial entities, equipment, products, or materials may be identified by name or company  
108 logo or other insignia in order to acknowledge their participation in this collaboration or to describe an  
109 experimental procedure or concept adequately. Such identification is not intended to imply special  
110 status or relationship with NIST or recommendation or endorsement by NIST or NCCoE; neither is it

111 intended to imply that the entities, equipment, products, or materials are necessarily the best available  
112 for the purpose.

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The National Cybersecurity Center of Excellence (NCCoE), a part of the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), is a collaborative hub where industry organizations, government agencies, and academic institutions work together to address businesses' most pressing cybersecurity challenges. Through this collaboration, the NCCoE develops modular, easily adaptable example cybersecurity solutions demonstrating how to apply standards and best practices using commercially available technology.

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