# **NIST SPECIAL PUBLICATION 1800-21C**

# Mobile Device Security:

Corporate-Owned Personally-Enabled (COPE)

Volume C: How-to Guides

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## **FEEDBACK**

As a private-public partnership, we are always seeking feedback on our practice guides. We are particularly interested in seeing how businesses apply NCCoE reference designs in the real world. If you have implemented the reference design, or have questions about applying it in your environment, please email us at <u>mobile-nccoe@nist.gov</u>.

All comments are subject to release under the Freedom of Information Act.

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## NATIONAL CYBERSECURITY CENTER OF EXCELLENCE

The National Cybersecurity Center of Excellence (NCCoE), a part of the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), is a collaborative hub where industry organizations, government agencies, and academic institutions work together to address businesses' most pressing cybersecurity issues. This public-private partnership enables the creation of practical cybersecurity solutions for specific industries, as well as for broad, cross-sector technology challenges. Through consortia under Cooperative Research and Development Agreements (CRADAs), including technology partners—from Fortune 50 market leaders to smaller companies specializing in information technology security—the NCCoE applies standards and best practices to develop modular, adaptable example cybersecurity solutions using commercially available technology. The NCCoE documents these example solutions in the NIST Special Publication 1800 series, which maps capabilities to the NIST Cybersecurity Framework and details the steps needed for another entity to re-create the example solution. The NCCoE was established in 2012 by NIST in partnership with the State of Maryland and Montgomery County, Maryland.

To learn more about the NCCoE, visit <u>https://www.nccoe.nist.gov</u>. To learn more about NIST, visit <u>https://www.nist.gov.</u>

## NIST CYBERSECURITY PRACTICE GUIDES

NIST Cybersecurity Practice Guides (Special Publication 1800 series) target specific cybersecurity challenges in the public and private sectors. They are practical, user-friendly guides that facilitate the adoption of standards-based approaches to cybersecurity. They show members of the information security community how to implement example solutions that help them align with relevant standards and best practices, and provide users with the materials lists, configuration files, and other information they need to implement a similar approach.

The documents in this series describe example implementations of cybersecurity practices that businesses and other organizations may voluntarily adopt. These documents do not describe regulations or mandatory practices, nor do they carry statutory authority.

## ABSTRACT

Mobile devices provide access to vital workplace resources while giving employees the flexibility to perform their daily activities. Securing these devices is essential to the continuity of business operations.

While mobile devices can increase efficiency and productivity, they can also leave sensitive data vulnerable. Mobile device management tools can address such vulnerabilities by helping secure access to networks and resources. These tools are different from those required to secure the typical computer workstation.

This practice guide focuses on security enhancements that can be made to corporate-owned personallyenabled (COPE) mobile devices. COPE devices are owned by an enterprise and issued to an employee. Both the enterprise and the employee can install applications onto the device.

To address the challenge of securing COPE mobile devices while managing risks, the NCCoE at NIST built a reference architecture to show how various mobile security technologies can be integrated within an enterprise's network.

This NIST Cybersecurity Practice Guide demonstrates how organizations can use standards-based, commercially available products to help meet their mobile device security and privacy needs.

## **KEYWORDS**

Corporate-owned personally-enabled; COPE; mobile device management; mobile device security, onpremise; bring your own device; BYOD

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Technology Partner/Collaborator	Build Involvement
Appthority*	Appthority Cloud Service, Mobile Threat Intelligence
<u>Kryptowire</u>	Kryptowire Cloud Service, Application Vetting
<u>Lookout</u>	Lookout Cloud Service/Lookout Agent Version 5.10.0.142 (iOS), 5.9.0.420 (Android), Mobile Threat Defense
MobileIron	MobileIron Core Version 9.7.0.1, MobileIron Agent Ver- sion 11.0.1A (iOS), 10.2.1.1.3R (Android), Enterprise Mo- bility Management
Palo Alto Networks	Palo Alto Networks PA-220
Qualcomm	Qualcomm Trusted Execution Environment (version is de- vice dependent)

\*Appthority (acquired by Symantec—A division of Broadcom)

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# **1** Introduction

The following volumes of this guide show information technology (IT) professionals and security engineers how we implemented this example solution. We cover all of the mobile device security products employed in this reference design. We do not re-create the product manufacturers' documentation, which is presumed to be widely available. Rather, these volumes show how we incorporated the products together in our environment.

Note: These are not comprehensive tutorials. There are many possible service and security configurations for these products that are out of scope for this reference design.

## **1.1 Practice Guide Structure**

This National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Cybersecurity Practice Guide demonstrates a standards-based reference design and provides users with the information they need to replicate addressing mobile device security (MDS) for Corporate-Owned Personally-Enabled (COPE) implementation challenges. This reference design is modular and can be deployed in whole or in part.

This guide contains three volumes:

- NIST SP 1800-21A: Executive Summary
- NIST SP 1800-21B: Approach, Architecture, and Security Characteristics what we built and why
- NIST SP 1800-21C: How-To Guides instructions for building the example solution (you are here)

Depending on your role in your organization, you might use this guide in different ways:

**Business decision makers, including chief security and technology officers,** will be interested in the *Executive Summary, NIST SP 1800-21A*, which describes the following topics:

- challenges that enterprises face in securely deploying COPE mobile devices
- example solution built at the National Cybersecurity Center of Excellence (NCCoE)
- benefits of adopting the example solution

**Technology or security program managers** who are concerned with how to identify, understand, assess, and mitigate risk will be interested in *NIST SP 1800-21B*, which describes what we did and why. The following sections will be of particular interest:

- Section 3.4, Risk Assessment, describes the risk analysis we performed.
- Section 4.3, Security Control Map, discusses the security mappings of this example solution to cybersecurity standards and best practices.

You might share the *Executive Summary, NIST SP 1800-21A*, with your leadership team members to help them understand the importance of adopting standards-based solutions when addressing COPE mobile device security implementation challenges.

**IT professionals** who want to implement an approach like this will find this whole practice guide useful. You can use this How-To portion of the guide, *NIST SP 1800-21C*, to replicate all or parts of the build created in our lab. This How-To portion of the guide provides specific product installation, configuration, and integration instructions for implementing the example solution. We do not recreate the product manufacturers' documentation, which is generally widely available. Rather, we show how we incorporated the products together in our environment to create an example solution.

This guide assumes that IT professionals have experience implementing security products within the enterprise. While we have used a suite of commercial products to address this challenge, this guide does not endorse these particular products. Your organization can adopt this solution or one that adheres to these guidelines in whole, or you can use this guide as a starting point for tailoring and implementing parts of this guide's example solution for on-premises mobile device security management. Your organization's security experts should identify the products that will best integrate with your existing tools and IT system infrastructure. We hope that you will seek products that are congruent with applicable standards and best practices. Section 3.6, Technologies, lists the products that we used and maps them to the cybersecurity controls provided by this reference solution.

A NIST Cybersecurity Practice Guide does not describe "the" solution, but a possible solution. Comments, suggestions, and success stories will improve subsequent versions of this guide. Please contribute your thoughts to mobile-nccoe@nist.gov.

## **1.2 Build Overview**

When a business is on the go, mobile devices can serve as a temporary workstation replacement. They provide convenience of use, portability, and functionality. However, in many ways, mobile devices are different from the common computer workstation, and alternative management tools are required to secure their interactions with the enterprise. To address this security challenge, the NCCoE worked with its Community of Interest and build team partners and developed a real-world scenario for mobile deployment within an enterprise. The scenario presents a range of security challenges that an enterprise may experience when deploying mobile devices.

The lab environment used in developing this solution includes the architectural components, functionality, and standard best practices, which are described in Volume B. The build team partners provided the security technologies used to deploy the architecture components and functionality. The standard best practices are applied to the security technologies to ensure the appropriate security controls are put in place to meet the challenges presented in the devised scenario.

This section of the guide documents the build process and discusses the specific configurations used to develop a secure mobile deployment.

*Note:* Android for Work (AFW) has been re-branded as Android Enterprise. At the time of writing this document, it was named Android for Work.

## **1.3 Typographic Conventions**

The following table presents typographic conventions used in this volume.

Table 1-1 Typographic Conventions

Typeface/Symbol	Meaning	Example
Italics	file names and path names;	For detailed definitions of terms, see
	references to documents that	the NCCoE Glossary.
	are not hyperlinks; new	
	terms; and placeholders	
Bold	names of menus, options,	Choose File > Edit.
	command buttons, and fields	
Monospace	command-line input,	mkdir
	onscreen computer output,	
	sample code examples, and	
	status codes	
Monospace Bold	command-line user input	service sshd start
	contrasted with computer	
	output	
<u>blue text</u>	link to other parts of the	All publications from NIST's NCCoE
	document, a web URL, or an	are available at
	email address	https://www.nccoe.nist.gov.

## **1.4 Logical Architecture Summary**

The following graphic illustrates the main components of this example implementation and provides a view of how they interact.

#### Figure 1-1 Logical Architecture Summary



# 2 Product Installation Guides

This section of the practice guide contains detailed instructions for installing and configuring key products used for the architecture illustrated below.

In our lab environment, the example solution was logically separated by a virtual local area network (VLAN) wherein each VLAN represented a separate mock enterprise environment. The network perimeter for this example implementation was enforced by a Palo Alto Networks virtual private network (VPN)/firewall appliance. It maintains three zones: one each for the internet/wide area network (WAN), a demilitarized zone (DMZ), and the organizational local area network (LAN).

## 2.1 Appthority Mobile Threat Detection

Appthority contributed a test instance of its Mobile Threat Detection service. Contact Appthority (Symantec) (<u>https://www.symantec.com/</u>) to establish an instance for your organization.

## 2.2 Kryptowire EMM+S

Kryptowire contributed a test instance of its EMM+S application-vetting service. Contact Kryptowire (<u>https://www.kryptowire.com/mobile-app-security/</u>) to establish an instance for your organization.

## 2.3 Lookout Mobile Endpoint Security

Lookout contributed a test instance of its Mobile Endpoint Security (MES) service. Contact Lookout (<u>https://www.lookout.com/products/mobile-endpoint-security</u>) to establish an instance for your organization.

## 2.4 MobileIron Core

MobileIron Core is the central product in the MobileIron suite. The following sections describe the steps for installation, configuration, and integration with Active Directory (AD).

## 2.4.1 Installation of MobileIron Core and Stand-Alone Sentry

Follow the steps below to install MobileIron Core:

- 1. Obtain a copy of the *On-Premise Installation Guide for MobileIron Core, Sentry, and Enterprise Connector* from the MobileIron support portal.
- 2. Follow the MobileIron Core pre-deployment and installation steps in Chapter 1 of the On-Premise Installation Guide for MobileIron Core, Sentry, and Enterprise Connector for the version of MobileIron being deployed in your environment. In our lab implementation, we deployed MobileIron Core 9.5.0.0 as a Virtual Core running on VMware 6.0. Post-installation, we performed an upgrade to MobileIron Core 9.7.0.1 following guidance provided in *CoreConnectorReleaseNotes9701\_Rev12Apr2018*. Direct installations to MobileIron Core 9.7.0.1 will experience slightly different results, as some added features in this version are not used with earlier versions of configuration files.

## 2.4.2 General MobileIron Core Setup

The following steps are necessary for mobile device administrators or users to register devices with MobileIron.

1. Obtain a copy of *MobileIron Core Device Management Guide for iOS Devices* from the MobileIron support portal. 2. Complete all instructions provided in Chapter 1, Setup Tasks.

## 2.4.3 Upgrade MobileIron Core

The following steps were used to upgrade our instance of MobileIron Core from 9.5.0.0 to 9.7.0.1. Note there was no direct upgrade path between these two versions; our selected upgrade path was 9.5.0.0 > 9.5.0.1 > 9.7.0.1.

- 1. Obtain upgrade credentials from MobileIron Support.
- 2. In MobileIron Core System Manager, navigate to Maintenance > Software Updates.
- 3. In the **Software repository configuration** section:
  - a. In the User Name field, enter the username provided by MobileIron Support.
  - b. In the Password field, enter the password provided by MobileIron Support.
  - c. In the **Confirm Password** field, reenter the password provided by MobileIron Support.
  - d. Select Apply.

Figure 2-1 MobileIron Repository Configuration

## MobileIron

SETTINGS SECURITY MAINTENANCE	TROUBLESHOOTING		
Software Updates	Maintenance → Software	Updates	
Self Diagnosis Export Configuration Import Configuration Clear Configuration System Storage	Software Version Core 9.5.0.0 Build 77 Software repository of User Name:	mobileironeval	
Reboot System Backup	Password: Confirm Password:	••••••	
Optimize Database	URL:	Default	0
	Apply Cancel		

- 4. In the Software Updates section:
  - a. Select **Check Updates;** after a few seconds, the available upgrade path options appears.

- b. Select the Core 9.5.0.1 status: Not Downloaded option.
- c. Select **Download Now.** After a delay, the Software Download dialogue appears.

Figure 2-2 MobileIron Core Version

SETTINGS SECURITY MAIN	TENANCE TROUBLESHOOT	ING	
Software Updates	Maintenance Softwa	are Updates	
Export Configuration	Software Version		
Import Configuration	Core 9.5.0.0 Build	177	
Clear Configuration System Storage	- Software reposite	ory configuration	
Reboot	User Name:	mobileironeval	
System Backup	Password:	Change Password	
Optimize Database	URL:	Oefault	0
	Apply Cano	xel	
	Check Update Core 9.6.0.1 Core 9.5.0.1 Download Nor Note: To install,	status: <i>Not downloaded</i> status: <i>Not downloaded</i> w Stage for Install please reboot the system only after st	atus says <b>Reboot to install</b> .

5. In the **Download Software** dialogue, click **OK**.

This publication is available free of charge from: http://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.1800-21.

#### Figure 2-3 MobileIron Download Status

Strict SSL Verification	Download software
Apply Cancel	Download is successful.Please click on the Stage for Install and then Reboot the system.
	ок
Software updates	
Check Updates	
Core 9.6.0.1 status: Not do	ownloaded
Core 9.5.0.1 status: Down	loaded.

- 6. In the **Software updates** section:
  - a. Select the Core 9.5.0.1 status: Downloaded option.
  - b. Select the Validate Database Structure and Data option.
  - c. Select Validate.

#### Figure 2-4 Validating Database Data

oftware updates
Check Updates
Core 9.6.0.1 status: Not downloaded
Core 9.5.0.1 status: Downloaded.
Validate Database structure (schema)
Validate Database structure and Data
Validation Status: NOT RUNNING
Download Now Validate Stage for Install
ote: To install, please reboot the system only after status says Reboot to install.

7. In the **Confirm** dialogue, click **Yes** to validate database structure and data.

#### Figure 2-5 Validating Database Data Confirmation

Confirm	
2	'Validate Database structure and Data' runs in maintenance mode and stops core services during validation. Do you want to proceed?
	Yes No

## 8. In the Validate Update dialogue, click OK.

#### Figure 2-6 Database Data Validation Initiation Confirmation

	Validate Update	×
Check Updates	Validation initiated successfully	
Core 9.6.0.1 status: <i>Not downloaded</i>	ОК	
Core 9.5.0.1 status: <i>Downloaded</i> .		
Validate Database structure (schema)		
Validate Database structure and Data		
Validation Status: RUNNING - Validation is in For detailed validation loos click here	nitialized 💭	

9. In the Software updates section, select Stage for Install.

#### Figure 2-7 Database Data Validation Status

Check Updates				
) Core 9.6.0.1 stat	tus: Not dow	vnloaded		
Core 9.5.0.1 stat	tus: <i>Downloa</i>	aded.		
Validate Datab	ase structure	(schema)		
Validate Datab	ase structure	and Data		
Validation Statu For detailed valida	is: SUCCESS ation logs click	- Validation is success k <u>here</u>	ful	
Download Now	Validate	Stage for Install		

a. The **Download Updates** dialogue appears.

10. In the **Download Updates** dialogue, select **Reboot Now;** a series of dialogues appears.

```
Figure 2-8 Software Updates Reboot Prompt
```

Download U	pdat	es		
Please click on reboot.	the fo	llowing link to vie	w the upgrade status after the	
https://mi-core	.govt.	mdse.nccoe.org:8	443/upgrade/status	
Reboot Now		Reboot Later		

11. In the **Confirm** dialogues:

a. Click **Yes** to confirm the appliance reboot.

Figure 2-9 Software Update Reboot Confirmation

Confirm	1 🗵
2	Do you really want to reboot the appliance?
	Yes No

b. Click **Yes** to confirm saving the current configuration.

Figure 2-10 Reboot Configuration Save Prompt

Confirm	
2	Would you like to save your current configuration?
	Yes No

12. The Upgrade Status website hosted by Core automatically opens.

Mobile Iron	Upgrade Status	
55% Comple	ted	
Start Invoking upgrade-database		
erypenetup anno unes coase		
cryptsetup-luks-libs does not exist		

13. Once the upgrade is complete, **System Manager > Maintenance > Software Updates > Software Updates** now shows the capability to upgrade to 9.7.0.1. Figure 2-12 Ability to Upgrade to 9.7.0.1

Check Updates		
Core 9.6.0.3 stat	tus: Not downloaded	
Core 9.7.0.1 stat	tus: Not downloaded	
Download Now	Stage for Install	

The image shows the Core patch levels this instance can upgrade to. Specifically, it shows Core 9.6.0.3 and Core 9.7.0.1.

14. Repeat Steps 4b through 11 above, replacing 9.5.0.1 with 9.7.0.1 during Steps 4b and 6; this will complete the upgrade path from MobileIron Core 9.5.0.0 to 9.7.0.1.

## 2.4.4 Integration with Microsoft Active Directory

In our implementation, we chose to integrate MobileIron Core with Active Directory using lightweight directory access protocol (LDAP). This is optional. General instructions for this process are covered in the *Configuring LDAP Servers* section in Chapter 2 of *On-Premise Installation Guide for MobileIron Core, Sentry, and Enterprise Connector*. The configuration details used during our completion of selected steps (retaining the original numbering) from that guide are given below:

- 1. From Step 4 in the MobileIron guide, in the New LDAP Server dialogue:
  - a. Directory Connection:

#### Figure 2-13 LDAP Settings

New LDAP Setting					
Directory Connection					A
Directory URL:	Idap://192.168.7.10				
Directory Failover URL:	Idap(s):// <ip hostna<="" or="" td=""><td>ame&gt;:[port]</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></ip>	ame>:[port]			
Directory UserID:	mi-ldap-sync				
	Change Password				
Search Results Timeout:	30	Seconds			
Chase Referrals:	🔘 Enable		Oisable		
Admin State:	Enable		⑦ Disable		
Directory Type:	Active Directory	O Domino		Other	
Domain:	govt.mds.local				

Note: The light gray text is default text, and your own directory URL should be entered.

b. Directory Configuration—OUs (organizational units):

## Figure 2-14 LDAP OUs

New LDAP Setting		
Directory Configuration -	OUs	
OU Base DN:	dc=govt,dc=mds,dc=local	
OU Search Filter:	( (objectClass=organizationalUnit)(objectClass=container))	]

c. Directory Configuration—Users:

#### Figure 2-15 LDAP User Configuration

## New LDAP Setting

#### **Directory Configuration - Users**

User Base DN:	dc=govt,dc=mds,dc=local
Search Filter:	(&(objectClass=user)(objectClass=person))
Search Scope:	All Levels
First Name:	givenName
Last Name:	sn
User ID:	sAMAccountName
Email:	mail
Display Name:	displayName
Distinguished Name:	distinguishedName
User Principal Name:	userPrincipalName
Locale:	c

## d. Directory Configuration—Groups:

## Figure 2-16 LDAP Group Configuration

## New LDAP Setting

#### **Directory Configuration - Groups**

User Group Base DN:	dc=govt,dc=mds,dc=local	
Search Filter:	(objectClass=group)	
Search Scope :	All Levels	~
User Group Name:	cn	
Membership Attribute:	member	
Member Of Attribute:	memberOf	
Custom Attribute-1:		
Custom Attribute-2:		
Custom Attribute-3:		
Custom Attribute-4:		

- e. LDAP Groups:
  - i. As a preparatory step, we used Active Directory Users and Computers to create a new security group for mobile-authorized users on the Domain Controller for the *govt.mds.local* domain. In our example, this group is named **Mobile Users.**
  - ii. In the search bar, enter the name of the LDAP group for mobile-authorized users.
  - iii. Select the **magnifying glass** button; the group name should be added to the **Available** list.
  - iv. In the Available list box:

1) Select the Mobile Users list item.

2) Select the **right-arrow** button; the Mobile Users list item should move to the **Selected** list box.

#### Figure 2-17 Selected LDAP Group

New LD/	AP Setting		⊠
LDAP Gro	ups Select LDAP groups that will be u	sed in the system.	
Available	Search by LDAP Groups	Selected Mobile Users	

v. In the **Selected** list:

1) Select the default Users group list item.

- 2) Select the **left-arrow** button; the Users list item should move to the **Available** list box.
- f. Custom Settings: Custom settings were not specified.
- g. Advanced Options: Advanced options were configured as shown in Figure 2-18.

#### Figure 2-18 LDAP Advanced Options

ew LDAP Setting		
Advanced Options		
Authentication Method:	Bind (Default)     Creater	os v5 (SASL)
Authentication User ID Format:	User DN	•
Group Member Format:	DN	~
Quality of Protection:	Authentication only Use Client TLS Certificate	~
Additiontal JNDI Context Properties:	Request Mutual Authentication     Enable Detailed Debug	

#### Test Save View LDAP Browser

<u>Note</u>: In our lab environment, we did not enable stronger Quality of Protection or enable the Use of Client Transport Layer Security Certificate or Request Mutual Authentication features. However, we recommend that implementers consider using those additional mechanisms to secure communication with the LDAP server.

- 2. From Steps 19 through 21 from the MobileIron guide, we tested that MobileIron can successfully query LDAP for Derived Personal Identity Verification Credential (DPC) Users.
  - a. In the New LDAP Setting dialogue, click the Test button to open the LDAP Test dialogue.
  - b. In the **LDAP Test** dialogue, enter a **User ID** for a member of the DPC Users group, then click the **Submit** button. A member of the Mobile Users group in our environment is **gema.**

#### Figure 2-19 Testing LDAP Configuration

Advanced Options		
Authentication Method:	Ind (Default)	🔘 Kerberos v5 (SASL)
Authentication User ID Format:	User DN	<u> </u>
Group Member Format:	DN LDAP Test	
Quality of Protection:	Authenti User ID: gema Group ID: Reque Submit Cancel	
Additiontal JNDI Context Properties:	Enable because bebog	

c. The LDAP Test dialogue indicates the query was successful:

Figure 2-20 LDAP Test Result

.DAP Test	×
Found 1 user with the user query 'gema'	
First Name	: gema
Last Name	
User ID	: gema
Email	
Display Name	: gema
Principal Name	: gema@govt.mds.local
Locale	
Custom 1	4 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Custom 2	4
Custom 3	4
Custom 4	4
Distinguished Name	: CN=gema,CN=Users,DC=govt,DC=mds,DC=local

## 2.4.5 Create a Mobile Users Label

MobileIron uses *labels* to link policies and device configurations with users and mobile devices. Creating a unique label for each category of authorized mobile user allows mobile device administrators to apply a consistent set of controls applicable to users with a common mobile use case. Our limited usage scenario only required a single MobileIron label to be created.

#### 1. In the MobileIron Core Admin Portal, navigate to Devices & Users > Labels.

2. Select Add Label.

Figure 2-21 MobileIron Device Labels

<b>()</b> >	CORE	Dashboard	Devic	es & Users	Admin Apps	Policies &	Configs Se	rvices	Settings	Logs
		Devices	Users	Labels	ActiveSync	Apple DEP	Apple Educa	tion		
Action	s 👻 Add Label									
	NAME	DESCRIPTION		TYPE	CRITERIA			SPAC	E	VIEW DE
	AFW	Android for Work	- enter	Filter	("common.platform"	= "android" and "	android.afw_cap	. Globa	I	<u>10</u>
	All-Smartphones	Label for all device	es irre	Filter	"common.retired"=fa	alse		Globa	I	<u>16</u>

- 3. In the Name field, enter a unique name for this label (Mobile Users in this example).
- 4. In the **Description** field, enter a meaningful description to help others identify its purpose.
- 5. Under the **Criteria** section:
  - a. In the blank rule:
    - i. In the Field drop-down menu, select User > LDAP > Groups > Name.
    - ii. In the **Value** drop-down menu, select the Active Directory group created to support mobile user policies (named **Mobile User** in this example).
  - b. Select the **plus sign icon** to add a blank rule.
  - c. In the newly created blank rule:
    - i. In the Field drop-down menu, select Common > Platform.
    - ii. In the Value drop-down menu, select Android.

#### Figure 2-22 Adding a Device Label

Label						
Nan	ne Mobile User	S				
Descriptio	Applies to us	ers authorized to use m	obile devices to acc	ess sensitive enterprise res	ources.	
Ta						
Criteria	e 🕛 Manual	Filter				
All Any of t	he following rules	are true				
Name	*	Equals	*	Mobile Users	× 🕈	•
Platform	*	Equals	*	Android	• <b>+</b>	•
	nomoli likiobili		alatfa wali i An dua	1.418		
<ul> <li>"user.idap.groups.</li> </ul>	name" = "Mobile	Users" AND "commor	i.platform" = "Andro	NG		Rese

- d. The list of matching devices appears below the specified criteria.
- e. Select Save.

Figure 2-23 Device Label Matches

'user.ldap.groups.name" = "Mobile Users" AND "common.platform" = "Android" Re

#### Exclude retired devices from search results

#### 3 matching devices

DISPLAY NAME	CURRENT PHONE NUMBER	MODEL	STATUS
sallie	1234567890		Pending
jason	PDA		Pending
gema	PDA		Pending

6. Navigate to **Devices & Users > Labels** to confirm the label was successfully created.

#### Figure 2-24 MobileIron Label List

<b>()</b> ,	CORE		Dashboard	Device	es & Users	Admin App	os Policies	& Configs	Services	Settings	Logs
			Devices	Users	Labels	ActiveSync	Apple DEP	Apple E	ducation		
Action	s 👻 Add Label										
	NAME	*	DESCRIPTION		TYPE	CRITERIA			SPA	CE	VIEW DE
	macOS		Label for all macO	S De	Filter	"common.platform	"="macOS" AND	"common.retir	ed"= Glob	bal	0
$\square \land$	Mobile Users		Label for users aut	horiz	Filter	("user.ldap.groups	.name" = "Mobile	Users" AND "	com Glob	bal	<u>3</u>
	MTP - Deactivated		Device lifecycle: de	eactiv	Manual				Glob	bal	0

## 2.5 Integration of Palo Alto Networks GlobalProtect with MobileIron

The following steps detail how to integrate MobileIron Core, Microsoft Certificate Authority (CA), and Palo Alto Networks GlobalProtect to allow mobile users to authenticate to the GlobalProtect gateway using user-aware device certificates issued to mobile devices by Microsoft CA during enrollment with MobileIron Core.

## 2.5.1 MobileIron Configuration

The following steps create the MobileIron Core configurations necessary to support integration with Palo Alto Networks GlobalProtect and Microsoft CA.

## 2.5.1.1 Create Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol (SCEP) Configuration

- 1. In the MobileIron Admin Portal, navigate to Policies & Configs > Configurations.
- Select Add New > Certificate Enrollment > SCEP; the New SCEP Configuration Enrollment Setting dialogue will open.
- 3. In the New SCEP Certificate Enrollment Setting dialogue:
  - a. For the Name field, enter a unique name to identify this configuration.
  - b. Enable the **Device Certificate** option.
  - c. In the URL field, enter the URL where SCEP is hosted within your environment.
  - d. In the **CA-Identifier (ID)** field, enter the subject name of the Microsoft CA that will issue the device certificates.
  - e. In the Subject drop-down menu, select \$DEVICE\_IMEI\$.

#### Figure 2-25 MobileIron SCEP Configuration

New SCEP Certificate Enr	ollment Setting				×
Name	Internal_Microsoft_CA				
Description	Issues local CA device certificates to enrolle	d dev	rices	]	
	Centralized	0	Decentralized	0	
	Store keys on core		Proxy requests	through Core	0
	User Certificate	۲	Device Certifica	te	
URL	http://ndes.govt.mds.local/certsrv/mscep/				
CA-Identifier	SubCA				
Subject	CN=\$DEVICE_IMEI\$	*			
Subject Common Name Type	None	*			
Key Usage	Signing	1	Encryption		
Кеу Туре	RSA	*	0		
Key Length	2048	*	0		

- f. In the **Fingerprint** field, enter the fingerprint of the Microsoft CA that will issue the device certificates.
- g. For the Challenge Type drop-down menu, select Microsoft SCEP.
- h. Below the Subject Alternative Names list box, select Add; a new list item appears.
- i. For the new list item:
  - i. For the Type drop-down menu, select NT Principal Name.
  - ii. For the Value drop-down menu, select \$USER\_UPN\$.
- j. Click Issue Test Certificate; the Certificate dialogue should indicate success.
Figure 2-26 Test SCEP Certificate Configuration

CSR Signature Algorithm	SHA384		× ()			
Finger Print	098A256AC9C9	38A7AC69C103EE8202D	7			
Challenge Type	Microsoft SCEF	>	*			
Challenge URL	http://ndes.gov	t.mds.local/certsrv/mscep	_adm			
User Name	NDES					
Challenge	Change					
Subject Alternative Names						
ТҮРЕ		VALUE		i		
NT Principal Name		\$USER_UPN\$			×	
Add+						
		Issue Test	Certificate	0	Cancel	Save
Challenge Subject Alternative Names TYPE NT Principal Name Add+		VALUE \$USER_UPN\$	Certificate	1	Cancel	Save

k. In the Certificate dialogue, click OK.

#### Figure 2-27 Test SCEP Certificate

ertificate	
Successfully issued a test certificate for the provided configuration.	
Version: V3 Subject: CN=test123-device-imei, OU=appSetting:[CONSUMER_UUID] Signature Algorithm: SHA256withRSA, OID = 1.2.840.113549.1.1.11	
Key: Sun RSA public key, 2048 bits	
modulus: 219204985345559845499214040936212294964395073575552000958056388518500839460553960849542968300555157597499 167276834480002365910855283668384991357741105701816908182572320641459438792215284671475803235992515887489 247478283388141223925804274248760801638220020939162869313411492713401491499310440405926175325453047697352 157914922134065835850942638552140403653143011296400114537493963495813517437574570475146271668191885805894 142457564356427411004500507794435128602887769885825261284062725191559472209756464737799209855349460145969 67016809618532083319934630152274538180779566823493351991026773	9520033 195282 9695285 116457 9923071
public exponent: 65537 Validity: [From: Tue Oct 02 18:54:36 UTC 2018, To: Thu Oct 01 18:54:36 UTC 2020] Issuer: CN=SUB-CA, DC=govt, DC=mds, DC=local	
SerialNumber: [ 66000000 7e104240 e1e8e1eb 1d000000 00007e]	
[1]: ObjectId: 1.3.6.1.4.1.311.21.10 Criticality=false Extension unknown: DER encoded OCTET string = 0000: 04 40 30 3E 30 0A 06 08 2B 06 01 05 05 07 03 04 .@0>0+	
0020: 2B 06 01 04 01 82 37 0A 03 04 30 0A 06 08 2B 06 +70+.	

4. Click Save.

## 2.5.1.2 Create Palo Alto Networks GlobalProtect Configuration

The GlobalProtect configuration instructs the mobile client to use the provisioned device certificate and to automatically connect to the correct VPN URL; mobile users will not need to manually configure the application. The following steps will create the GlobalProtect configuration.

- 1. In the **MobileIron Admin Portal**, navigate to **Policies & Configs > Configurations**.
- 2. Select Add New > VPN; the Add VPN Setting dialogue will appear.
- 3. In the Add VPN Setting dialogue:
  - a. In the Name field, enter a unique name to identify this VPN setting.
  - b. In the **Connection Type** drop-down menu, select **Palo Alto Networks GlobalProtect.**

- c. In the **Server** field, enter the fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of your Palo Alto Networks appliance; our sample implementation uses **vpn.govt.mdse.nccoe.org.**
- d. For the User Authentication drop-down menu, select certificate.
- e. For the **Identity Certificate** drop-down menu, select the SCEP enrollment profile created in the previous section.
- f. Click Save.

Figure 2-28 MobileIron VPN Configuration

Add VPN Setting		×
Name	GlobalProtect VPN	
Description	Allows devices to authenticate to the GlobalProtect VPN	
Connection Type	Palo Alto Networks GlobalProtect 🗸 👔	
Server	vpn.govt.mdse.nccoe.org	
Proxy	None 🗸 🚺	
Username	\$USERID\$	0
User Authentication	Certificate	
Password	\$PASSWORD\$	0
Identity Certificate	Internal_Microsoft_CA 🗸	
	VPN on Demand ()	
Per-app VPN	© Yes ◎ No 🚺 Licens	e Required
Safari Domains (iOS)	7 and later: macOS 10.11 and later)	
If the server ends with one	e of these domain names, the VPN is started automatically.	
SAFARI DOMAIN	DESCRIPTION	
		Cancel Save

# 2.5.2 Basic Palo Alto Networks Configuration

During basic configuration, internet protocol (IP) addresses are assigned to the management interface, domain name system (DNS), and network time protocol (NTP). The management interface allows the administrator to configure and implement security rules through this interface.

# 2.5.2.1 Configure Management Interface

The following steps will configure the Palo Alto Networks appliance management interface.

- 1. In the Palo Alto Networks portal, navigate to **Device > Setup > Interfaces.**
- 2. On the Interfaces tab, enable the **Management** option; the Management Interface Setting page opens.

## Figure 2-29 Palo Alto Networks Management Interface Enabled

		Dashboard	ACC	Moni	itor	Policies	Obje	cts	N	letwork	Device	
_												
🆓 Setup 🖼 High Availability		Management	Operations	Services	Interfa	ces Teler	netry (	Content-II	D	WildFire	Session	
Config Audit	I	nterface Name			Enabled				$\bigtriangledown$	Speed		
Password Profiles Administrators	P	lanagement			<b>√</b>					auto-negotia	te	
Admin Roles												
Authentication Profile												
User Identification												
🖳 VM Information Sources												

- 3. On the Management Interface Setting screen:
  - a. In the IP Address field, enter the IP address for the Palo Alto Networks appliance.
  - b. In the **Netmask** field, enter the netmask for the network.
  - c. In the **Default Gateway** field, enter the IP address of the router that provides the appliance with access to the internet.
  - d. Under Administrative Management Services: Enable the Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP), Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS), Secure Shell (SSH), and Ping options.
  - e. Click OK.

Management Interface Settin	igs		0
ІР Туре	Static O DHCP Client	Permitted IP Addresses	Description
IP Address	192.168.9.110		
Netmask	255.255.255.0		
Default Gateway	192.168.9.1		
IPv6 Address/Prefix Length			
Default IPv6 Gateway			
Speed	auto-negotiate 💌		
мти	1500		
Administrative Manageme	nt Services		
🗹 НТТР	HTTPS		
Telnet	SSH		
Network Services			
HTTP OCSP	Ping		
SNMP	User-ID		
User-ID Syslog Listener	-SSL User-ID Syslog Listener-UDP	🛨 Add 🚍 Delete	
			OK Cancel

Figure 2-30 Management Interface Configuration

4. To verify the configuration, navigate to **Palo Alto Networks Portal > Dashboard;** the **General Information** section should reflect the appliance's network configuration.

General Information	S X
Device Name	vpn
MGT IP Address	192.168.9.110
MGT Netmask	255.255.255.0
MGT Default Gateway	192.168.9.1
MGT IPv6 Address	unknown
MGT IPv6 Link Local Address	fe80::a30:6bff:feec:9800/64
MGT IPv6 Default Gateway	
MGT MAC Address	08:30:6b:ec:98:00
Model	PA-220
Serial #	012801032696
Software Version	8.1.1
GlobalProtect Agent	4.1.3
Application Version	7999-0000
URL Filtering Version	20180815.40177
GlobalProtect Clientless VPN Version	0
Time	Thu Aug 16 10:48:01 2018
Uptime	14 days, 19:02:59

Figure 2-31 Palo Alto Networks Firewall General Information

# 2.5.2.2 Configure DNS and NTP

- 1. In the Palo Alto Networks Portal, navigate to Device > Setup > Services.
- 2. In the **Services** tab, select the gear icon.

## Figure 2-32 Palo Alto Networks Services Configuration



- 3. On the Services > Services tab:
  - a. For the **Primary DNS Server** field, enter the primary DNS server IP address.
  - b. For the **Secondary DNS Server** field, enter the secondary DNS server IP address, if applicable.
- 4. Select the NTP tab.

## Figure 2-33 DNS Configuration

Services	0
Services NTP	
Update Server u	pdates.paloaltonetworks.com
	Verify Update Server Identity
DNS Settings	
DNS	Servers ODNS Proxy Object
Primary DNS Server	10.5.1.1
Secondary DNS Server	192.168.7.10
FQDN Refresh Time (sec)	1800
Proxy Server	
Server	
Port	[1 - 65535]
User	
Password	
Confirm Password	
	OK Cancel

- 5. On the **NTP** tab:
  - a. For the **Primary NTP Server > NTP Server Address** field, enter the IP address of the primary NTP server to use.
  - b. For the **Secondary NTP Server > NTP Server Address** field, enter the IP address of the backup NTP server to use, if applicable.
- 6. Click **OK.**

## Figure 2-34 NTP Configuration

Services				0
Services NTP				
Primary NTP Server		Secondary NTP Server		
NTP Server Address	192.168.7.10	NTP Server Address	10.97.74.8	
Authentication Type	None 💌	Authentication Type	None 💌	
				-
			OK Cancel	

# 2.5.3 Palo Alto Networks Interfaces and Zones Configuration

Palo Alto Networks firewall model PA-220 has eight interfaces that can be configured as trusted (inside) or untrusted (outside) interfaces. This section describes creating a zone and assigning an interface to it.

## 2.5.3.1 Create Ethernet Interfaces and Addresses

Our example implementation uses three interfaces:

- LAN: Orvilia's LAN, which hosts intranet web and mail services
- DMZ: Orvilia's DMZ network subnet, which hosts MobileIron Core and MobileIron Sentry
- WAN: provides access to the internet and is the inbound interface for secure sockets layer (SSL) VPN connections

To create and configure Ethernet interfaces:

## 1. Navigate to Palo Alto Networks Portal > Network > Ethernet > Interfaces > Ethernet.

Figure 2-35 Ethernet Interfaces

m paloalto							
NETWORKS®	Dashboard ACC	C Monitor	Policies	Objec	ts Network	Device	
🚥 Interfaces 🔶 🖕	Ethernet VLAN Loop	back Tunnel					
2 Zones							
😼 VLANs 📃 🔍	<b>`</b>						
🖅 Virtual Wires							
Virtual Routers	nterface	Interface Type	Management	Link	IP Address	Virtual Router	- т
🕲 IPSec Tunnels			Profile	State			

- 2. In the **Ethernet** tab, select the name of the interface to configure; the Ethernet Interface dialogue will appear.
- 3. In the Ethernet Interface dialogue:
  - a. In the **Comment** field, enter a description for this interface.
  - b. For the Interface Type drop-down menu, select Layer3.

Figure 2-36	<b>Ethernet</b>	Interface	Configuration
-------------	-----------------	-----------	---------------

Ethernet Interface		0
Interface Name	ethernet1/1	
Comment	Connected to the Lab	]
Interface Type	Layer3	*
Netflow Profile	None	v
Config IPv4	IPv6 Advanced	
Assign Interfac	e To	
Security Zo	ne	¥
		OK Cancel

- c. Select the IPv4 tab.
- d. On the IPv4 tab:
  - i. In the **IP** list box, select **Add**; a blank list item appears.
  - ii. In the blank list item, select New Address; the Address dialogue appears.

Ethernet Interface		0
Interface Name	ethemet1/1	
Comment	Connected to the Lab	
Interface Type	Layer3	¥
Netflow Profile	None	*
Config IPv4	IPv6 Advanced	
Add Delete	Static O PPPoe O Drup Client  S  S  Nove Econ  192.168.2.254/24	

iii. In the Address dialogue:

1) For the **Name** field, enter a unique name to identify this address.

- 2) For the **Description** field, enter a meaningful description of the purpose of this address.
- 3) In the unnamed field following the Type drop-down menu, enter the IPv4 address that this interface will use in Classless Inter-Domain Routing notation. This example uses 10.6.1.2/24 for the WAN interface in our lab environment.
- 4) Click **OK.**

Address				0
Name	Lab_WAN			
Description	Connected to th	ie lab		
Туре	IP Netmask	~	10.6.1.2/24	Resolve
			Enter an IP address or a network using t notation (Ex. 192.168.80.150 or 192.168 can also enter an IPv6 address or an IPv its prefix (Ex. 2001:db8:123:1::1 or 2001:db8:123:1::/64)	the slash 3.80.0/24), You 46 address with
Tags				*
			ок	Cancel

e. The address should now appear as an item in the IP list box; select **OK**; the Address dialogue closes.

Figure 2-39 Completed WAN Interface Configuration

hernet Interface		
Interface Name	ethemet1/1	
Comment	Connected to the Lab	
Interface Type	Layer3	
Netflow Profile	None	
Config IPv4	IPv6 Advanced	
+ Add	e 🖸 Mare Up 🗿 Mare Dawin	
P address/netmask. Ex	. 192.168.2.254/24	

- 4. Click OK.
- 5. Repeat Steps 2 and 3 for each of the additional Ethernet/Layer3 interfaces.

# 2.5.3.2 Create Security Zones

The PA Security Zone is a collection of single or multiple interfaces that have the same security rules. For this setup, four different zones have been configured:

- Mobile\_Lab\_GOVT: inside (trusted) interface connecting to the government (GOVT) segment
- *Mobile\_Lab\_DMZ*: inside (trusted) interface connecting to the DMZ segment
- Mobile\_Lab\_WAN: outside (untrusted) interface to permit trusted inbound connections (e.g., Lookout cloud service) from the untrusted internet and allow internet access to on-premises devices
- Mobile\_Lab\_SSLVPN: outside (untrusted) interface for VPN connections by trusted mobile devices originating from untrusted networks (e.g., public Wi-Fi)

To configure each zone:

## 1. Navigate to Palo Alto Networks Portal > Network > Zones.

Figure 2-40 Security Zone List

naloalto									
NETWORKS®	Dashboard	ACC	Monitor	Policies	Objec	ts	Network	Device	
Interfaces									
🕅 Zones									
😼 VLANs 🔁 Virtual Wires 🏵 Virtual Routers	Name		Туре	Interfaces / V Systems	irtual	Zone P	rotection Profile	Packet Buffer Protection	
🕮 IPSec Tunnels	Mobile_Lab_DMZ		layer3	ethernet1/2					
HCP DHCP	Mobile_Lab_GOVT		layer3	ethernet1/3					
DNS Proxy	Mobile_Lab_SSLVPN		layer3	tunnel.1					
V 😨 GlobalProtect	Mobile_lab_WAN		layer3	ethernet1/1					
Portals Gateways									

- 2. In the **Zones** pane, select **Add**; the Zones page opens.
- 3. On the **Zones** page:
  - a. For the **Name** field, provide a unique name for the zone.
  - b. For the **Type** drop-down menu, select **Layer 3.**
  - c. Under Interfaces, select Add; a blank drop-down menu appears.
  - d. In the drop-down menu, select the interface to assign to this zone; this example shows selection of **ethernet 1/3**, which is associated with the LAN interface.

## e. Click OK.

Figure 2-41 LAN Security Zone Configuration

one			C
Name	Mobile_Lab_GOVT		User Identification ACL
Log Setting	None	w	Enable User Identification
Туре	Layer3	¥	Include List
Interfaces 🔺			Select an address or address group or type in your own
		-	BOBICSS DA ISTROBULCO O ISTROBUST
ethernet1/3			
loopback			
vlan			🗣 Add 💭 Delete
			Users from these addresses/subnets will be identified.
			Exclude List 🔺
T Add Delete			Select an address or address group or type in your own
			address. Ex: 192.168.1.20 or 192.168.1.0/24
Zone Protection			
Zone Protection Profile	None	v	
	Enable Packet Buffer Protection		🔁 Add 🖾 Delete

f. Repeat Step b for each zone.

# 2.5.4 Configure Router

Palo Alto Networks uses a virtual router to emulate physical connectivity between interfaces in different zones. To permit systems to reach systems in other zones, the following steps will create a virtual router and add interfaces to it. The router also sets which of these interfaces will act as the local gateway to the internet.

- 1. In the Palo Alto Networks Portal, navigate to Network > Virtual Routers.
- 2. Below the details pane, select Add; the Virtual Router form opens.

- 3. In the Virtual Router form, on the Router Settings tab:
  - a. For the Name field, enter a unique name to identify this router.
  - b. On the Router Settings > General tab:
    - i. Under the Interfaces list box, select Add; a new list item appears.
    - ii. In the new list item drop-down menu, select an existing interface.
    - iii. Repeat Steps 3a and 3b to add all existing interfaces to this router.
- 4. Select the Static Routes tab.
- 5. On the **Static Routes > IPv4** tab:
  - a. Below the list box, select Add; the Virtual Router Static Route IPv4 form opens.
  - b. In the Virtual Router—Static Route—IPv4 form:
    - i. For the **Name** field, enter a unique name to identify this route.
    - ii. For the **Destination** field, enter **0.0.0.0/0.**
    - iii. For the **Interface** drop-down menu, select the interface that provides access to the internet.
    - iv. For the Next Hop drop-down menu, select IP Address.
    - v. In the field below **Next Hop,** enter the IP address of the gateway that provides access to the internet.
    - vi. Click OK.

Figure 2-42 Virtual Router Configuration

Virtual Router - Stat	ic Route - IPv4					0			
Name	Wan Default Ro	oute							
Destination	0.0.0/0	).0.0/0							
Interface	ethernet1/1								
Next Hop	IP Address								
	10.6.1.1	10.6.1.1							
Admin Distance	10 - 240								
Metric	10								
Route Table	Unicast								
Path Monitorin	ng								
Failur	e Condition 💿	Any 🔘 All	Preemptive Hold	Time (min) 2					
Name		Source IP	Destination IP	Ping Interval(sec)	Ping Count				
l									
🖶 Add 🖨 🐂									
				-	_				
				ок	Canc	el			

6. Click **OK.** 

Router Settings Name Mobile_L	ab_ <u>VR</u>	
Static Routes General ECMP		
Redistribution Profile	Administrative Dis	tances
RIP ethernet1/1	Static	10
OSPF ethernet1/2	Static IPv6	10
ethernet1/3	OSPF Int	30
Lunnei.1	OSPF Ext	110
3GP	OSPFv3 Int	30
Multicast	OSPFv3 Ext	110
	IBGP	200
	EBGP	20
	RIP	120
🕀 Add 🖨 Delete		

## Figure 2-43 Virtual Router General Settings

# 2.5.5 Configure Tunnel Interface

The SSL VPN uses a tunnel interface to secure traffic from the external zone to the internal zone where organizational resources available to mobile users are maintained. To configure the tunnel interface:

- 1. Navigate to Palo Alto Networks Portal > Network > Ethernet > Interfaces > Tunnel.
- 2. Below the details pane, select Add; the Tunnel Interface form opens.
- 3. In the Tunnel Interface form on the Config tab:
  - a. In the Assign Interface To section:
    - i. For the **Virtual Router** drop-down menu, select the virtual router created in the previous section.
    - ii. For the **Security Zone** drop-down menu, select the security zone created for the SSL VPN.
  - b. Click OK.

## Figure 2-44 SSL VPN Tunnel Interface

Tunnel Inte	erface			0
In	terface Name	tunnel	, 1	
	Comment	UsedByMobileUsers		
N	letflow Profile	None		-
Config	IPv4 IPv	6 Advanced		
Assign	Interface To			
	Virtual Rout	er Mobile_Lab_VR		~
	Security Zor	Mobile_Lab_SSLVPN		-
£				
			ок	Cancel

# 2.5.6 Configure Applications and Security Policies

Security policies work similarly to firewall rules; they block or allow traffic between defined zones identified by a source, destination, and application(s) (contextually, Palo Alto Networks' objects define network protocols and ports). Palo Alto Networks has built-in applications for a large number of standard and well-known protocols and ports (e.g., LDAP and Secure Shell), but we defined custom applications for MobileIron-specific traffic.

# 2.5.6.1 Configure Applications

The following steps will create an application:

1. In the Palo Alto Networks Portal, navigate to Objects > Applications.

## Figure 2-45 Application Categories

	Dashboard ACC	Monitor Policies Obje	ects Network Device
Addresses	rch	Q. All	Clear Filters
Address Groups Regions Applications Application Groups Application Filters Services Service Groups Tags GlobalProtect HIP Objects Ca Ca Ca Ca Ca Ca Ca C	tegory 23 business-systems 14 collaboration 45 general-internet 93 media 72 networking 2 unknown	Subcategory ▲         51 audio-streaming         22 auth-service         37 database         82 email         64 encrypted-tunnel         48 erp-crm         315 file-sharing         64 gaming         173 general-business	Technology ▲ 1041 browser-based 1107 client-server 365 network-protocol 134 peer-to-peer

- 2. On the Applications screen:
- 3. Select **Add;** the Application form opens.
- 4. On the **Application > Configuration** screen:
  - a. In the **General > Name** field, provide a unique name to identify this application.
  - b. In the **General > Description** field, enter a meaningful description of its purpose.
  - c. For the **Properties > Category** drop-down menu, select a category appropriate to your environment; our sample implementation uses **networking.**
  - d. For the **Properties > Subcategory** drop-down menu, select a subcategory appropriate to your environment; our sample implementation uses **infrastructure.**
  - e. For the **Properties > Technology** drop-down menu, select a technology appropriate to your environment; our sample implementation uses **client-server**.

## Figure 2-46 MobileIron Core Palo Alto Networks Application Configuration

General								
Name	MobileIron9997							
Description	Allows mobile dev	ices to chec	k-in with MobileIre	on Core				
Properties								
Category	networking	-	Subcategory	infrastructure	-	Technology	client-server	-
Parent App	None	-	Risk	1	w			
Characteristics								
Capable of File T	ransfer		Has Known Vuln	erabilities		Pervasive		
Excessive Bandw	idth Use		Used by Malware			Prone to Misuse		
Tunnels Other Ap	plications		Evasive			Continue scannin	g for other Applicat	tions

- 5. Select the **Advanced** tab.
- 6. On the **Application > Advanced** screen:
  - a. Select **Defaults > Port.**
  - b. Under the Ports list box, select **Add**; a blank list item appears.
  - c. In the blank list item, enter the port number used by the application; this example uses **9997**.
- 7. Click **OK.**

nfiguration Advan	ced Signatures				
Defaults					
Port O IP Prot	ocol O ICMP Type	O ICMP6 Type	None		
Port					
9997					
🕂 Add 😑 Delete					
Enter each port in the form	of [tcp udp]/[dynamic 0-6553	[5] Example: tcp/dynami	c or udp/32		
Timeouts					
Timeout	[0 - 604800]	TCP Timeout	[0 - 604800]	UDP Timeout	[0 - 604800]
TCP Half Closed	[1 - 604800]	TCP Time Wait	[1 - 600]		
Scanning (activate					
Scanning (activate	Viruse	5	Data Patterns		

#### Figure 2-47 MobileIron Application Port Configuration

- 8. Repeat Steps 2 through 7 with the following modifications to create an application for the MobileIron Core system administration console:
  - a. **Configuration > General > Name is MobileIron8443.**
  - b. Configuration > Properties > Category is business-systems.
  - c. Configuration > Properties > Subcategory is management.
  - d. Advanced > Defaults > Port first entry is 8443.

## 2.5.6.2 Configure Security Policies

Security policies allow or explicitly deny communication within, between, or (externally) to or from Palo Alto Networks zones. For this sample implementation, several security policies were created to support communication by other components of the architecture. The first subsection covers the steps to create a given security policy. The second subsection provides a table illustrating the security policies we used; these policies would need to be adapted to host names and IP addresses specific to your network infrastructure.

## 2.5.6.2.1 Create Security Policies

To create a security policy:

- 1. In the Palo Alto Networks Portal, navigate to Policies > Security.
- 2. Select Add; the Security Policy Rule form will open.
- 3. In the Security Policy Rule form:
  - a. In the **Name** field, enter a unique name for this security rule.
  - b. For the **Rule Type** drop-down menu, select the scope of the rule, following the guidance provided in the Palo Alto Networks documentation for creating firewall rules.

Figure 2-48 DMZ Access to MobileIron Firewall Rule Configuration

Security Po	olicy Rule							0
General	Source	User	Destination	Application	Service/URL Category	Actions		
	Name	DMZAcces	sVirtua <mark>l</mark> IPCore					
	Rule Type	universal (	default)					
D	escription							
	Tags							
		-						
							ок	Cancel

- 4. Select the **Source** tab.
- 5. On the **Source** tab:
  - a. If the security rule applies to a specific source zone:
    - i. Under the **Source Zone** list box, select **Add**; a new entry appears in the list box.
    - ii. For the new list item, select the source zone for this rule.
  - b. If the rule applies to only specific source IP addresses:

- i. Under the **Source Address** list box, select **Add;** a new list item appears.
- ii. For the new list item, select the source address for this rule.

Figure 2-49 DMZ Access to MobileIron Security Rule Source Zone Configuration

Security Po	licy Rule						0
General	Source	User	Destination	Application	Service/URL Category	Actions	
🔲 Any					🗹 Any		
Source	e Zone 🔺 obile lab W	AN			Source Address 🔺		_
🕂 Add	🖃 Delete				🕂 Add 🛛 🗖 Delete		
					Negate		
							OK Cancel

- 6. Select the **Destination** tab.
- 7. On the **Destination** tab:
  - a. If the security rule applies to a specific destination zone:
    - Under the Destination Zone list box, select Add; a new destination list item appears.
    - ii. For the new **Source Zone** list item, select the destination zone for this rule.
  - b. If the rule applies to only specific destination IP addresses:
    - i. Under the **Destination Address** list box, select **Add;** a new list item appears.
    - ii. For the new list item, select the destination address for this rule.

Security Policy Rule			
General Source User Destination	Application	Service/URL Category	Actions
any 💌		Any	
Destination Zone		Destination Address	*
		10.6.1.120	
🕂 Add 😑 Delete		🕂 Add 🛛 🖨 Delete	
		Negate	
			OK Cancel

Figure 2-50 DMZ Access to MobileIron Security Rule Destination Address Configuration

- 8. Select the Application tab.
- 9. On the Application tab:
  - a. Under the **Applications** list box, select **Add;** a new list item appears.
  - b. For the new **Applications** list item, select the application representing the protocol and port combination of the traffic to control.
  - c. Repeat Steps 9a and 9b for each application involving the same source and destination that would also have its traffic allowed or explicitly blocked (if otherwise allowed by a more permissive security rule).

Figure 2-51	DMZ	Access to	o MobileIron	Security	Rule	Application	Protocol	Configuration
I Iguic L DI		/ 1000000 10	/ 11/08/10/1	occurry	itoric .	, application		Gonngaration

Security P	Policy Rule						0
General	Source	User	Destination	Application	Service/URL Category	Actions	
🔲 Any							
🔲 Арр	lications 🔺						
	dns						
	ping						
	ssl						
	web-browsing						
Add	🗖 Delata						_
							OK Cancel

10. Select the Actions tab.

11. On the **Actions** tab: Unless explicitly blocking traffic permitted by a more permissive security rule, ensure that the **Action Setting > Action** drop-down menu is set to **Allow**.

## Figure 2-52 DMZ Access to MobileIron Security Rule Action Configuration

Security Po	licy Rule						0
General	Source	Jser	Destination	Application	Service/URL Category	/ Actions	
Action S	etting				Log Setting		
	Acti	on All	ow			☑ Log at Session Start	
			Send ICMP Unre	achable		☑ Log at Session End	
					Log Forwarding	None	
					Other Settings		
Profile 9	etting				Schedule	None	-
	Profile Ty	be No	ne	~	QoS Marking	None	-
						Disable Server Response	Inspection
						ОК	Cancel
						UN	Conter

## 12. Click OK.

## 2.5.6.2.2 Implemented Security Policies

The implemented security policies are provided in Table 2-1, Table 2-2, and Table 2-3. Configuration options that aren't shown were left as their default values.

Table 2-1	<b>Implemented</b>	Security	<b>Policies</b>
-----------	--------------------	----------	-----------------

Name	Tags	Туре	Source Zone	Source Address
DMZAccessVirtualIPCore	none	universal	Mobile_lab_WAN	any
CoretoAppleSrvs	none	universal	Mobile_Lab_DMZ	MI_Core
AdminAccessToMI	none	interzone	Mobile_Lab_GOVT	MDS.govt.admin
AppthorityConnectorAccessToMI-	none	interzone	Mobile_Lab_GOVT	govt.appthority
Core				
MICoreObtainDeviceCERT	none	interzone	Mobile_Lab_DMZ	MI_Core
MICoreAccessDNS	none	interzone	Mobile_Lab_DMZ	MI_Core
MICoreRelaySMSNotifications	none	interzone	Mobile_Lab_DMZ	MI_Core
MICoreSyncLDAP	none	interzone	Mobile_Lab_DMZ	MI_Core

## Table 2-2 Implemented Security Policies

Name	Source User	Source Host Infor- mation Protocol Profile	Destination Zone	Destination Address
DMZAccessVirtualIPCore	any	any	any	10.6.1.120
CoretoAppleSrvs	any	any	any	17.0.0.0/8
AdminAccessToMI	any	any	Mobile_Lab_DMZ	MI_Core;MI_Sentry
AppthorityConnectorAccessToMI-	any	any	Mobile_Lab_DMZ	MI_Core
Core				
MICoreObtainDeviceCERT	any	any	Mobile_Lab_GOVT	SCEP_server
MICoreAccessDNS	any	any	Mobile_Lab_GOVT	DNS_Server
MICoreRelaySMSNotifications	any	any	Mobile_Lab_GOVT	SMTP_Relay
MICoreSyncLDAP	any	any	Mobile_Lab_GOVT	LDAP_Server

# Table 2-3 Implemented Security Policies

Name	Application	Service	Action	Profile	Options
	dns;ping;ssl;web	any	allow	none	none
DMZAccessVirtualIPCore	-browsing				
CoretoAppleSrvs	any	any	allow	none	none
	AdminAccessMI;	any	allow	none	none
AdminAccessToMI	ssh;ssl				
	AdminAccessMI;	any	allow	none	none
AppthorityConnectorAccessToMI-	ssl;web-				
Core	browsing				
	scep;web-	application-	allow	none	none
MICoreObtainDeviceCERT	browsing	default			
	dns	application-	allow	none	none
MICoreAccessDNS		default			
	smtp	application-	allow	none	none
MICoreRelaySMSNotifications		default			
	ldap	application-	allow	none	none
MICoreSyncLDAP		default			

# 2.5.7 Network Address Translation

To allow communication with external networks over the internet, the appliance also needs to be configured with Network Address Translation (NAT) rules. To configure NAT:

- 1. In the Palo Alto Networks Portal, navigate to Policies > NAT.
- 2. Below the details pane, select Add; the NAT Policy Rule form opens.
- 3. In the NAT Policy Rule form, on the General tab:
  - a. In the **Name** field, provide a unique name for this NAT policy rule.
  - b. Ensure the **NAT Type** drop-down menu is set to **ipv4**.

#### Figure 2-53 Outbound NAT Rule

NAT Policy Rule	ତ
General Origina	Packet Translated Packet
Name	GOVT to Outside
Description	
Tags	<b>*</b>
NAT Type	ipv4
	OK Cancel

- 4. Select the **Original Packet** tab.
- 5. On the **Original Packet** tab:
  - a. Under the **Source Zone** list box, select **Add;** a new Source Zone list item appears.
  - b. For the new **Source Zone** list item, select the zone that represents your LAN subnet; in this sample implementation, that is **Mobile\_Lab\_GOVT.**
  - c. Repeat Steps 5a and 5b to add the zone that represents your DMZ; in this sample implementation, that is **Mobile\_Lab\_DMZ**.
  - d. Repeat Steps 5a and 5b to add the zone that represents your SSL VPN; in this sample implementation, that is **Mobile\_Lab\_SSLVPN**.
  - e. For the **Destination Zone** drop-down menu, select the zone that represents the internet; in this sample implementation, that is **Mobile\_lab\_WAN**.

- f. For the **Destination Interface**, select the adapter that is physically connected to the same subnet as your internet gateway; in this sample implementation, that is **ether-net1/1**.
- g. Under the Source Address list box, select Add; a new Source Address list item appears.
- h. For the new **Source Address** list item, select the address that represents the subnet (IP address range) for the LAN.
- i. Repeat Steps 5f and 5g to add the address representing the DMZ subnet.
- j. Repeat Steps 5f and 5g to add the address representing the SSL VPN subnet.

#### Figure 2-54 Outbound NAT Original Packet Configuration

NAT Policy Rule			0
General Original Packet 1	Translated Packet		
Any	Destination Zone	Any	🗹 Any
Source Zone 🔺	Mobile_lab_WAN	Source Address	Destination Address 🔺
🔟 🚧 Mobile_Lab_DMZ		🔲 🔩 DMZ Segment	
Mobile_Lab_GOVT	Dectination Interface	🔲 🔙 GOVT Segment	
Mobile_Lab_SSLVPN	ethernet1/1	🔲 🔙 VPN Segment	
	Service		
0	any 💌		
🕂 Add 💭 Delete		🕂 Add 🖨 Delete	🕂 Add 🖨 Delete
			OK Cancel

- 6. Select the Translated Packet tab.
- 7. On the Translated Packet tab, under Source Address Translation:
  - a. For the Translation Type drop-down menu, select Dynamic IP and Port.
  - b. For the Address Type drop-down menu, select Interface Address.
  - c. For the Interface drop-down menu, select the same interface selected in Step 5e.
  - d. For the **IP Address** drop-down menu, select the IPv4 address on the same subnet as your internet gateway.

## Figure 2-55 Outbound NAT Translated Packet Configuration

NAT Policy F	Rule		<i></i>					0
General	Original P	Packet	Translated Packet					
Source Ad	ddress Tra	nslation	1		Destination Address Transla	ation		
Transla	ranslation Type Dynamic IP And Port		*	Translation Type	None		*	
Add	ress Type	e Interface Address		*				-
	Interface	ethernet	1/1	*				
I	IP Address 10.6.1.2/24		-					
-								
							OK Cance	8

8. Select OK.

# 2.5.8 Configure SSL VPN

The SSL VPN enables remote mobile device users to create an encrypted connection to the enterprise from unencrypted networks (e.g., public Wi-Fi hot spots).

## 2.5.8.1 Configure End-User Authentication

The following steps establish the integrations and configurations related to mobile user identification and authentication.

## 2.5.8.1.1 Configured Server Profile

The following steps integrate this appliance with Microsoft Active Directory Domain Services to manage mobile user permissions via AD groups and roles.

- 1. In the Palo Alto Networks Portal, navigate to Devices > Server Profiles > LDAP.
- 2. Below the details pane, select Add; the LDAP Server Profile form opens.
- 3. In the LDAP Server Profile form:
  - a. In the **Profile Name** field, enter a unique name to identify this profile.
  - b. Under the Service List box, select Add; a new Server List item appears.
  - c. In the new Service List item:
    - i. In the Name column, enter a name to identify the server.
    - ii. In the LDAP Server column, enter the IP address of the LDAP server.

- iii. The value in the **Port** column defaults to 389; change this if your LDAP server communicates over a different port number.
- iv. Repeat Steps 3ci through 3ciii for each LDAP server that you intend to use.
- d. Under Server Settings:
  - i. In the **Type** drop-down menu, select **active-directory.**
  - ii. In the **Base DN** drop-down menu, select the DN for your Active Directory domain users who will use the SSL VPN.
  - iii. In the **Bind DN** field, enter the Active Directory domain user account that will authenticate to LDAP to perform queries.
  - iv. In the **Password** field, enter the password for the Active Directory user account specified in the previous step.
  - v. In the **Confirm Password** field, reenter the password entered in the previous step.
- 4. Click **OK.**

#### Figure 2-56 LDAP Profile

LDAP Server Profile					0
Profile Name	Mobile_Lab_LDAP-Profile				
	Administrator Use Only	(			
Server List			Server Settings		
Name	LDAP Server	Port	Туре	active-directory	~
AD	192.168.7.10	389	Base DN	DC=govt,DC=mds,DC=local	~
			Bind DN	palo.alto@govt.mds.local	
			Password	•••••	
🕂 Add 🗖 Delete			Confirm Password	•••••	
Enter the IP address or I	FODN of the LDAP server	_	Bind Timeout	30	
			Search Timeout	30	
			Retry Interval	60	
				Require SSL/TLS secured connection	
				Verify Server Certificate for SSL sessions	
				OK	1

## 2.5.8.2 Configure Authentication Profile

- 1. In the Palo Alto Networks Portal, navigate to Device > Authentication Profile.
- 2. Under the details pane, select Add; the Authentication Profile form opens.
- 3. In the Authentication Profile form:
  - a. In the Name field, provide a unique name to identify this authentication profile.
  - b. On the Authentication tab:
    - i. For the Type drop-down menu, select LDAP.
    - ii. For the **Server Profile** drop-down menu, select the name of the LDAP Server Profile created in the previous section.
    - iii. For the Login Attribute field, enter userPrincipalName.
    - iv. For the **User Domain**, enter the name of your enterprise domain; our sample implementation uses **govt**.

## **Figure 2-57 Authentication Profile**

Authentication Profile	(	0							
Name Mo	bile_Lab_ <u>Auth</u> -Profile								
Authentication Factors A	Advanced								
Туре	LDAP								
Server Profile	Mobile_Lab_LDAP-Profile								
Login Attribute	userPrincipalName								
Password Expiry Warning 7 Number of days prior to warning a user about password expiry.									
User Domain	govt								
Username Modifier	%USERINPUT%								
Single Sign On	Single Sign On								
Kerberos Realm									
Kerberos Keytab	Click "Import" to configure this field X Import								
	OK Cancel								

- c. Select the **Advanced** tab.
- d. On the **Advanced** tab:
  - i. Under the Allow List box, select Add; this creates a new list item.
  - ii. In the new list item, select the Active Directory group for your mobile users.
  - iii. Repeat Steps 3di and 3dii for any additional groups that should authenticate to the SSL VPN.
- e. Click OK.

Figure	2-58	Advanced	Authentication	Profile	Settings
I ISUIC	2 30	Advanced	Addictication	1 IOIIIC	Jettings

											0
N	ame	Mobile_L	.ab_Au	h-Pi	ofile						
Authentication Fact	tors	Advan	ced								
Allow List											
Allow List 🔺											
🖾 🥸 cn=domain ad	łmins,	cn=users	,dc=g	vt,d	=mds	,dc=lo	cal				
Cn=mobile use	ers, cn=	=users,d	c=gov	dc=	nds,do	=local					
🕈 Add 🖨 Delete											
Add Colore											
Add Contect	ttemp	ts 0									
Add Colore Account Lockout Failed A Lockout Tim	ttempi ie (mir	ts 0 n) 0									
Add Colore Account Lockout Failed A Lockout Tim	ttempi ie (mir	ts 0 n) 0									

# 2.5.8.3 Configure User Identification

- 1. In the Palo Alto Networks Portal, navigate to Device & User Identification.
- 2. In the details pane, select the Group Mapping Settings tab.
- 3. Below the details pane, select Add. The Group Mapping form opens.
- 4. In the Group Mapping form:
  - a. In the Name field, enter a unique name to identify this group mapping.
  - b. In the Server Profile tab:

- i. For the **Server Profile** drop-down menu, select the LDAP Server Profile created previously.
- ii. For **Domain Setting > User Domain,** enter the name of your Active Directory domain; this sample implementation uses **govt.**

Figure 2-59 LDAP Group Mapping

Name	Mobile_Lab_User_ID			
Server Profile	User and Group Attributes	Group Include L	ist Custom Group	
Server Profi	le Mobile_Lab_LDAP-Profile	₩ Upo	date Interval [60 - 86400]	
Domain Setting	)			
User Dom	ain govt			
Search Fil Object Cl	lter ass group			
User Objects				
Search Fil	lter			
Object Cl	ass person			
	Inabled			

- c. Select the Group Includes List tab.
- d. On the Group Includes List tab:
  - i. In the **Available Groups** list box, expand the Active Directory domain to reveal configured user groups.
  - ii. For each Active Directory group to be included in this User Identification configuration:

1) Select the Active Directory group.

## 2) Select the **plus icon** to transfer the group to the **Included Groups** list box.

Figure 2-60 LDAP Group Include List

Group Mapping						C
Nam	Mobile_Lab_User_ID					
Server Profile	User and Group Attributes	Group	Include List	Custom Group		
Available Group	S		Included	l Groups		
▼	rs allowed rodc password replicati cdm cert publishers cloneable domain controllers denied rodc password replicatio dnsadmins dnsupdateproxy domain admins domain computers	on g	govt/ govt/	mobile users domain admins		
				(	ОК	Cancel

5. Select OK.

# 2.5.8.4 Configure Authentication Policy Rule

- 1. Navigate to **Policies > Authentication.**
- 2. Click Add.
- 3. Give the policy a name. In this implementation, **Mobile\_Lab\_Auth\_Rule** was used.
- 4. Click Source.
- 5. Under Source Zone, click Add. Select the SSL VPN zone.
- 6. Under Source Zone, click Add. Select the WAN zone.
| Figure 2-61 Authentication Policy Source Zones |  |
|--|--|
|  |  |

Authentica	tion Policy	Rule				0
General	Source	User	Destination	Service/URL Category	Actions	
🔲 Any				🗹 Any		
Source	e Zone 🔺			Source Address 🔺		
🔲 📖 М	obile_Lab_S	SLVPN				
🔲 🕅 M	obile_lab_W	AN				
Add	🗖 Delete			🕂 Add 🗖 Delete		
				Negate		
					ОК	Cancel

- 7. Click Destination.
- 8. Under Destination Zone, click Add.
- 9. Select the LAN zone (in this implementation, Mobile\_Lab\_GOVT).

Authentication Policy Rule	0
General Source User Destination	Service/URL Category Actions
Any	🗹 Any
Destination Zone 🔺	Destination Address
Mobile_Lab_GOVT	
🛨 Add 🚍 Delate	🕂 Add 📼 Delete
	Negate
	OK Cancel

#### Figure 2-62 Authentication Policy Destination Zones

- 10. Click Service/URL Category.
- 11. Under service, click Add.
- 12. Select service-http.
- 13. Under service, click Add.
- 14. Select service-https.
- 15. Click Actions.
- 16. Next to Authentication Enforcement, select default-web-form.
- 17. Leave Timeout and Log Settings as their default values.

#### **Figure 2-63 Authentication Profile Actions**

Authentica	tion Policy I	Rule				0
General	Source	User	Destination	Service/URL Category	Actions	
Authentic	ation Enforce	ement	default-web-form			*
	Timeout	(min)	60			
Log Sett	tings	1	server			
			Log Authenticat	ion Timeouts		10000
	Log Forwar	rding 1	lone			<b>•</b>
					ОК	Cancel

18. Click **OK** and commit the changes.

### 2.5.9 Import Certificates

Certificates need to be imported into the appliance to configure certificate profiles that will affect how they are used in supporting communication with other systems. In particular, device certificates issued to mobile devices will be used to identify and authenticate mobile users.

Note: The certificate private keys must be password-protected to import them into the firewall.

- 1. In the Palo Alto Networks Portal, navigate to Device > Certificate Management > Certificates.
- 2. Under the details pane, select Import; the Import Certificate form opens.
- 3. In the Import Certificate form:
  - a. For the Certificate Type, select Local.
  - b. For the Certificate Name field, enter a unique name to identify this certificate.
  - c. Next to the **Certificate File** field, Select **Browse...** to specify the full path to the file containing the certificate.
  - d. For the File Format drop-down menu, select the certificate encoding appropriate to the certificate file; this example assumes the certificate and private key are in separate files, and select PEM. Note: The certificate's private key must be password-protected to import it into Palo Alto Networks appliances.

- e. If the certificate identifies the Palo Alto Networks appliance:
  - i. Enable the Import private key checkbox.
  - ii. Next to **Key File**, select **Browse**... to specify the full path to the file containing the private key for the uploaded certificate.
  - iii. For the **Passphrase** field, enter the pass phrase protecting the private key.
  - iv. For the **Confirm Passphrase** field, re-enter the pass phrase protecting the private key.

#### Figure 2-64 Import MobileIron Certificate

Import Certificate			0
Certificate Type	Local		
Certificate Name	vpn.govt.mdse.nccoe	.org	
Certificate File	C:\fakepath\cert_vpr	.govt.mdse.nccoe.org.crt	Browse
File Format	Base64 Encoded Cert	tificate (PEM)	~
	<ul> <li>Private key reside</li> <li>Import private ke</li> </ul>	s on Hardware Security Module y	
Key File	C:\fakepath\mi-sentr	y.govt.mdse.nccoe.org.key	Browse
Passphrase			
Confirm Passphrase			
		ОК	Cancel

- f. Select OK.
- 4. Repeat Step 3 for each certificate to import into the Palo Alto Networks appliance. This will include all certificates that the appliance will use to identify itself or authenticate to remote systems, all certificates in the chain of trust for each such certificate, and any chain-of-trust certificates supporting identity verification for remote systems to which this appliance will

require certificate-based identification and authentication. This sample implementation uses certificates for the following systems:

- server certificate for this appliance issued by DigiCert
- DigiCert root CA certificate
- DigiCert subordinate CA certificate
- Microsoft CA enterprise root certificate
- Microsoft CA enterprise subordinate CA certificate

### 2.5.10 Configure Certificate Profile

- In the Palo Alto Networks Portal, navigate to Device > Certificate Management > Certificate Profile.
- 2. Under the details pane, select Add; the Certificate Profile form opens.
- 3. In the Certificate Profile form:
  - a. In the Name field, enter a unique name to identify this certificate profile.
  - b. In the Username Field drop-down menu, select Subject Alt.
  - c. Select the Principal Name option.
  - d. In the **User Domain** field, enter the Active Directory domain name for your enterprise; this sample implementation uses **govt.**
  - e. Under the **CA Certificate** list box, select **Add**; a secondary Certificate Profile form appears.
  - f. In the secondary Certificate Profile form, in the CA Certificate drop-down menu, select the Microsoft Active Directory Certificate Services root certificate uploaded in Section 2.5.9.
  - g. Click OK.
  - h. Repeat Step 3f for each intermediary certificate in the trust chain between the root certificate and the subordinate CA certificate that issues certificates to mobile devices.

#### Figure 2-65 Certificate Profile

	-			
Name	Mobile_Lab_Cert_Profile			
Username Field	Subject Alt	▼ ○ En	ail	
User Domain	govt			
CA Certificates	Name	Default OCSP URL	÷	OCSP Verify Certificate
	Internal Root Internal SubCA			
	🕈 Add 🖨 Deiete			
	Add Defette	pi// or https://)	_	
	Add Default OCSP URL (must start with http Use CRL	pi// or https://) CRL Receive Timeout (sec)	5	Block session if certificate status is
	Add  Cefault OCSP URL (must start with http: Use CRL Use OCSP Use OCSP	pi// or https://) CRL Receive Timeout (sec) OCSP Receive Timeout (sec)	5	Block session if certificate status is unknown
CA Certificates          Name       Default OCSP URL       OCSP Verify Certificate         Internal Root       Internal SubCA       Internal SubCA         Add       Internal SubCA       Internal SubCA         Default OCSP URL (must start with http:// or https://)       Use CRL       CRL Receive Timeout (sec) 5       Block session if or unknown         Use OCSP       OCSP Receive Timeout (sec) 5       Internal Block session if or unknown       Internal SubCA	<ul> <li>Block session if certificate status is unknown</li> <li>Block session if certificate status cannot be retrieved within timeout</li> </ul>			
	Add Crust Start with http: Use CRL Use OCSP Use OCSP OCSP takes precedence over CRL	p:// or https://) CRL Receive Timeout (sec) OCSP Receive Timeout (sec) Certificate Status Timeout (sec)	5 5 5	<ul> <li>Block session if certificate status is unknown</li> <li>Block session if certificate status cannot be retrieved within timeout</li> <li>Block session if the certificate was not issued to the authenticating device</li> </ul>

i. Click OK.

Figure 2-66 Internal Root Certificate Profile

cate Profile		(
CA Certificate	Internal Root	
Default OCSP URL		
OCSP Verify Certificate	None	~

4. Click **OK.** 

# 2.5.11 Configure SSL/TLS Service Profile

The following steps will configure the SSL/TLS profile, which determines what certificates to trust when mobile devices are connecting to the VPN and what certificate to use when establishing outbound SSL/TLS connections.

- 1. In the Palo Alto Networks Portal, navigate to Device > Certificate Management > SSL/TLS Service Profile.
- 2. Below the details pane, select Add; the SSL/TLS Service Profile form opens.
- 3. In the SSL/TLS Service Profile form:
  - a. In the Name field, enter a unique name to identify this service profile.
  - b. For the **Certificate** drop-down menu, select the certificate to use for this SSL/TLS service profile; our sample implementation uses a client certificate obtained from a Microsoft enterprise CA via SCEP.
  - c. For the Min Version drop-down menu, select TLSv1.2. For Max Version, select Max.
  - d. Select OK.

Figure 2-67 SSL/TLS Service Profile

SSL/TLS Service Pro	ofile	0
Name	SSL-TLS Profile	
Certificate	Mobile_Lab_SCEP_CERT	-
Protocol Settings		
Min Version	TLSv1.2	-
Max Version	Max	v
4		real
	UK Car	Cei

4. Repeat Step 3 to add an identical SSL/TLS service profile for this appliance's server certificate issued through DigiCert.

### 2.5.12 URL Filtering Configuration

- 1. Navigate to **Objects > Custom Objects > URL Category.**
- 2. Click Add.
- 3. Give the category a name and description.
- 4. Add sites to be blocked. For this example, **\*.example.com** was used.

#### Figure 2-68 Custom URL Category

Custom URL Catego	ory	0
Name	Mobile Lab URL Category	
Description	Custom URL block list	
•	1 item 🔿 🗙	
Sites		
*,example.com		
🕂 Add 🗖 Delete	🚔 Import 😩 Export	
Enter one entry per row. Each entry may be of the	form www.example.com or it could have wildcards like www.*.com.	
	OK Cancel	

- 5. Click **OK.**
- 6. Navigate to **Objects > Security Profiles > URL Filtering.**
- 7. Check the box next to default and click Clone.
- 8. Select **default** from the window that appears.
- 9. Click **OK.**
- 10. Click the newly created profile, default-1.
- 11. Give the newly created profile called **default-1** a meaningful name and provide a description for the new profile.
- 12. Scroll to the bottom of the list. The name of the created category will be last on the list.
- 13. Click the option below **Site Access** and next to your created URL category.
- 14. Set the Site Access option to **block.**

#### Figure 2-69 URL Filtering Profile

	Dee	indire	Mobile_Lab_UKL	Hitering			
atego	ories Overrides	URL Fil	tering Settings	User Credential Detection	HTTP Header Insertion		
1		_				67 items	<b>-</b> ×
c	Category				Site Access	User Credenti Submission	al
t	raining-and-tools	pporei			allow	allow	-
t t	ranslation				allow	allow	
t t	ravel				allow	allow	
u	inknown				allow	allow	
W	veapons				allow	allow	
n n	veb-advertisements				allow	allow	
v	veb-base <mark>d-</mark> email				allow	allow	
n n	veb-hosting				allow	allow	
VN	And the state of t	/*			block	block	-
indica Check	tes a custom URL category, - c URL Category	+ indicates	: external dynamic lis	t			

- 15. Click OK.
- 16. Navigate to **Policies > Security.**
- 17. Click the default outbound policy for the internal network (not VPN).
- 18. Click Actions.
- 19. Next to Profile Type, select Profiles.
- 20. Next to URL Filtering, select the newly created profile.
- 21. Click OK.
- 22. Repeat Steps 18 through 21 for the SSL VPN outbound traffic.

Figure	2-70	LIRI	Filtering	Security	Policy
Figure	2-70	ONL	FILCING	Jecunty	FUILY

General	Source	User	Destination	Application	Service/URL Category	Actions	
Action Se	etting				Log Setting		
	A	ction All	low	-		☑ Log at Session Start	
			Send ICMP Unre	achable		✓ Log at Session End	
Profile Se	etting				Log Forwarding	None	~
	Profile	Type Pro	ofiles	-	Other Settings		
	Antivirus	None		~	Schedule	None	
Vu	Inerability	None		-	QoS Marking	None	-
	Protection					Disable Server Response J	Inspection
Ant	ti-Spyware	None		*			
UR	L Filtering	Mobile_L	.ab_URL_Filtering	-			
File	e Blocking	None		-			
Dat	ta Filtering	None		V			
WildFin	re Analysis	None		~			

- 23. Click **Commit** in the upper right-hand corner.
- 24. In the popup window, click **Commit**.

## 2.5.13 GlobalProtect Gateway and Portal Configuration

The SSL VPN configuration requires creation of both a GlobalProtect gateway and a GlobalProtect portal, the latter of which could be used to manage VPN connections across multiple gateways. In this sample implementation, only a single gateway and portal are configured.

## 2.5.13.1 Configure GlobalProtect Gateway

The GlobalProtect gateway provides remote users with secure access to internal resources based on their Microsoft AD group. To configure the GlobalProtect gateway:

- 1. In the Palo Alto Networks Portal, navigate to Network > GlobalProtect > Gateways.
- 2. Below the details pane, select Add; the GlobalProtect Gateway Configuration form opens.

- 3. In the GlobalProtect Gateway Configuration form, on the General tab:
  - a. In the Name field, enter a unique name to identify this GlobalProtect Gateway.
  - b. Under Network Settings:
    - i. In the **Interface** drop-down menu, select the physical interface connected to the subnet on which the internet gateway device is located.
    - ii. In the **IPv4 Address** drop-down menu, select the IP address associated with the physical interface specified in the previous step.

#### Figure 2-71 General GlobalProtect Gateway Configuration

U
*
*
~
Cancel

- c. Select the Authentication tab.
- d. In the Authentication tab:
  - i. For the **Server Authentication > SSL/TLS Service Profile** drop-down menu, select the TLS/SSL profile associated with the publicly trusted server certificate for this appliance.
  - ii. For the Client Authentication > Certificate Profile drop-down menu, select the client TLS/SSL profile associated with the internally trusted client certificates is-sued to mobile devices.

### Figure 2-72 GlobalProtect Authentication Configuration

GlobalProtect Gat	eway Configuration	2					0
General	Server Authentica	ation					
Authentication	SSL/TLS Servic	ce Profile TLS Digicer	t Profile				-
Agent	Client Authentica	tion					
Satellite	Name		Authentication Profile	Username Label	Password Label	Authentication	
	🛨 Add 🖨 Delete	Clone 🖸 Move	Up 🖸 Movel Down				
	Certificat	te Profile Mobile_Lab	_Cert_Profile				-
						OK Can	cel

- e. Select the Agent tab.
- f. On the Agent > Tunnel Settings tab:
  - i. Select the Tunnel Mode checkbox.
  - ii. Select the Enable IPSec checkbox to disable IPSec.

Figure 2-73 GlobalProtect Tunnel Configuration

GlobalProtect Gate	eway Configuration						0
General	Tunnel Cottings Timogut	Cettingo	Client ID Deal	Client Cattings	Natural Capilago	Midon Traffic	LUD Notification
Authentication	Tunner Settings Inneout	Settings	Client IP POOI	Chenic Settings	INGEWORK SERVICES	video franc	HIP NOUNCAUDIT
Agent	Tunnel Interface	tunnel.1					~
Satellite	Max User	[1 - 250]					
		Enabl	e IPSec				

- g. Select the Agent > Client IP Pool tab.
- h. On the **Agent > Client IP Pool** tab:
  - i. Below the IP Pool list box, select Add; a new list item will appear.
  - ii. For the new **IP Pool** list item, enter the network address for the IP address pool from which connected devices will be allocated an IP address.

#### Figure 2-74 VPN Client IP Pool

General	-						
Authentication	Tunnel Settings	Timeout Settings	Client IP Pool	Client Settings	Network Services	Video Traffic	HIP Notification
Agent	IP Pool						
Satellite	10.3.3.0/24						
T							
	🕈 Add 🗖 🗖 🕬	e 🖸 More Up 📿 Mo	the Down				

- i. Select the **Agent > Client Settings** tab.
- j. On the Agent > Client Settings tab:
  - i. Under the **Client Settings** list box, select **Add;** the **Configs** form opens.

balProtect Gat	eway Configuration							
General	Tunnel Settings	Timeout Se	attinas	Client IP Pool	Client Settings	Network Services	Video Traffic	HIP Notification
uthentication	Tunner Gottings	THROOMEOU	Arringo.	UNUIL I TUUI	onone ootango	Hourse Corridos	Tidoo Tranie	THI THUR BUDGET
gent				_			_	1 item 📑 🗙
atellite	User/User Gro	pup	Configs	; OS		IP Pool	Indu	de Access Route
tellite								
		-						
	🕂 Add 🖨 Delet	e [ 🌕 Clobe	Rone:	la 🕑 Maveiliann				
								OK Cance

### Figure 2-75 VPN Client Settings

ii. In the **Configs** form on the **Authorization Override** tab, enter a unique name to identify this client configuration.

#### Figure 2-76 VPN Authentication Override Configuration

Configs		0
Authentication Override User/User Gr	oup IP Pools Split Tunnel	
Name Mobile_Lab_Remote		
Authentication Override		
	Generate cookie for authentication override	
	Accept cookie for authentication override	
Cookie Lifetime	Hours 🛩 24	
Certificate to Encrypt/Decrypt Cookie	None	-
	_	Cancel
		Cancer
iii. Select th	e User/User Group tab.	

iv. On the User/User Group tab:

1) Below the **Source User** list box, select **Add;** a new list item appears.

2) In the **Source User** list item, select the Microsoft AD user group to grant access to internal resources through this GlobalProtect gateway.

Figure 2-77 VPN User Group Configuration

Configs	0
Authentication Override User/User Group	IP Pools Split Tunnel
select	🗹 Any
Source User 🛋	os 🔺
cn=mobile users,cn=users,dc=govt,dc=mds	dc=local
🚯 Add 🕒 Delete	🕂 Add 🖨 Delete
	OK Cancel

- v. Select the **Split Tunnel** tab.
- vi. On the **Split Tunnel** tab, on the **Access Route** tab:

1) Under the Include list box, select Add; a new list item appears.

2) In the new Include list item, enter 0.0.0.0/0. This enforces full tunneling.

Figure 2-78 VPN Split Tunnel Configuration

Configs				0
Authentication Override	User/User Group	IP Pools	Split Tunnel	
Access Route Doma	in and Application			
No direct access to lo No direct access to local netwo	rk is applicable to Windows	and Mac only		
🔲 Include 🔺			Exclude 🔺	L I
0.0.0/0			Enter subnets that clients should exclude (e.g. 172.16.1.0/24)	
				11
				. 1
🕂 Add 🚍 Delete			🕂 Add 💭 Delete	L II
These routes will be added to t	he client's routing table. Mo	ore-specific route	es take precedence over less-specific routes.	
				-
			OK	
vii				

- vii. Click **OK**.
- k. Click OK.

### 2.5.13.2 Configure GlobalProtect Portal

- 1. In the Palo Alto Networks Portal, navigate to Network > GlobalProtect > Portal.
- 2. Below the details pane, select Add; the GlobalProtect Portal Configuration form opens.
- 3. In the GlobalProtect Portal Configuration form, on the General tab:
  - a. In the Name field, enter a unique name to identify this GlobalProtect portal.

- b. In the **Interface** drop-down menu, select the physical interface connected to the subnet where the internet gateway device is located.
- c. In the IP Address Type drop-down menu, select IPv4 Only.

Figure 2-79 GlobalProtect Portal Configuration

GlobalProtect Port	tal Configuration			0
General	Name	Mobile_Lab_BP		
Authentication	Network Settings			
Agent	Interface	ethernet1/1		*
	IP Address Type	IPv4 Only		Ψ.
Clientiess VPN	IPv4 Address	10.6.1.2/24		*
Satellite	Appearance			
	Portal Login Page	factory-default		-
	Portal Landing Page	factory-default		¥
	App Help Page	factory-default		*
			OK	1

- 4. Select the Authentication tab.
- 5. In the Authentication tab:
  - a. For the **Server Authentication > SSL/TLS Service Profile** drop-down menu, select the SSL/TLS service profile based on your third-party server certificate.
  - b. For the **Certificate Profile** drop-down menu, select the client TLS/SSL profile associated with the internally trusted client certificates issued to mobile devices.
  - c. Click Add.
  - d. Enter a profile name. In this example implementation, Client Authentication was used.
  - e. For the **Authentication Profile** drop-down menu, select the previously created authentication profile.
  - f. Click OK.

#### Figure 2-80 GlobalProtect Portal SSL/TLS Configuration

GlobalProtect Port	al Configuration						0
General	Server Authentication						
Authentication	SSL/TLS Service Pro	file TLS Digicert Pro	ofile				
Agent	Client Authentication						
Clientless VPN	🔲 Name	os	Authentication Profile	Username Label	Password Label	Authentication Message	
Satellite	Authentication Profile	Any	Mobile_Lab_Auth- Profile	Username	Password	Enter login credentials	
	🗣 Add 🖨 Delete 📀	Clone 💽 Move Up	Μανέ Βαντη				
	Certificate Pro	file Mobile_Lab_Cer	t_Profile				•
						OK Canc	:el

- 6. Select the **Agent** tab.
- 7. On the Agent tab:
  - a. Below the Agent list box, select Add; the Configs form will open.
  - b. In the **Configs** form:
    - i. In the Authentication tab, below Components that Require Dynamic Passwords, check the box next to Portal.
    - ii. In the External tab, under the External Gateways list box select Add; the External Gateway form opens.
    - iii. In the External Gateway form:
      - 1) In the Name field, enter a unique name to identify this external gateway.
      - 2) For the **Address** option, enter the FQDN for this appliance; in this sample implementation, the FQDN is **vpn.govt.mdse.nccoe.org.**
      - 3) Below the **Source Region** list box, select **Add**; a new list item appears.

4) In the new Source Region list item, select Any.

5) Select the Manual checkbox.

6) Click OK.



External Gateway		0
Name Address	Mobile_Lab_Ext_GW	
	vpn.govt.mdse.nccoe.org	
٩		1 item
Source Region	£	Priority
		ngnes
Add      Manual (The u	iser can manually select this gateway)	
		OK Cancel

- iv. Below the Trusted Root CA list box, select Add; a new list item appears.
- v. In the new Trusted Root CA list item, select your internal CA root certificate.
- vi. Repeat Steps 7biii and 7biv to add each certificate in your internal or third-party certificate trust chains used when mobile devices contact the GlobalProtect portal.
- c. Click App. Ensure that Connect Method is set to User-logon (Always On).

eneral	Agent				
uthentication	Configs	User/User Group	os	External Gateways	Client Certificate
jent	Mobile_Lab_Agent	any	any	Mobile_Lab_Ext_GW	
lientless VPN					
atellite					
acomen					
aronite .					
	🕈 Add 🗖 🖛 😒	Clane 🖸 Move Up 🖸 Move Daw	n.		
uronito.	Add     Tourtad Poot CA	Install in Local Root		Agent User Override Key	
	Add 🗖 💽 💿	Install in Local Root Certificate Store		Agent User Override Key Confirm Agent User Override Key	
	Add  Add  Trusted Root CA  Internal Root	Install in Local Root Certificate Store		Agent User Override Key Confirm Agent User Override Key	
	Add     Trusted Root CA     Internal Root     DigiCert Root	Install in Local Root Certificate Store		Agent User Override Key Confirm Agent User Override Key	••••
	Add Trusted Root CA Trusted Root DigiCert Root	Install in Local Root Certificate Store		Agent User Override Key Confirm Agent User Override Key	••••

#### Figure 2-82 GlobalProtect Portal Agent Configuration

d. Click OK.

## 2.5.14 Configure Automatic Threat and Application Updates

- 1. In the **PAN-OS portal**, navigate to **Device > Dynamic Updates**.
- 2. Click **Check Now** at the bottom of the page.
- 3. Under Applications and Threats, click **Download** next to the last item in the list, with the latest Release Date. It will take a minute to download the updates.
- 4. When the download completes, click **Done.**
- 5. Click Install next to the downloaded update.
- 6. Click Continue Installation.
- 7. When installation completes, click Close.
- 8. Next to Schedule, click the link with the date and time.

Version 🔺	File Name	Feature	s Туре
▼ Applications and Threat	s Last checked: 2018/11/29 12:25:15 EST	Schedule: E	very Wednesday at 01:02 (Download only)

- 9. Select the desired recurrence. For this implementation, Weekly was used.
- 10. Select the desired day and time. For this implementation, Saturday at 23:45 was used.
- 11. Next to Action, select download-and-install.

#### Figure 2-84 Threat Update Schedule

Applications and Threats Update Schedule	8	0
Recurrence	Weekly	-
Day	saturday	-
Time	23:45	-
Action	download-and-install	~
	Disable new apps in content update	
Threshold (hours)	[1 - 336]	
	A content update must be at least this many hour for the action to be taken.	s old
Allow Extra Time to Review New App-I	Ds	
Set the amount of time the firewall waits b new App-IDs. You can use this wait period based on the new App-IDs.	efore installing content updates that cont to assess and adjust your security policy	ain
New App-ID Threshold (hours)	[1 - 336]	
	OK Cance	

- 12. Click OK.
- 13. Click **Commit** in the upper right-hand corner.
- 14. In the popup window, click **Commit**.

## 2.6 Integration of Kryptowire EMM+S with MobileIron

Kryptowire's application vetting service uses the MobileIron application programming interface (API) to regularly pull current device application inventory information from MobileIron Core. Updated analysis results are displayed in the Kryptowire portal.

### 2.6.1 Add MobileIron API Account for Kryptowire

The following steps will create an administrative account that will grant Kryptowire the specific permissions it requires within MobileIron.

- 1. In the MobileIron Admin Portal, navigate to Devices & Users > Users.
- 2. On the Users page:
  - a. Select Add > Add Local User; the Add New User dialogue opens.

Figure 2-85 MobileIron Users

CORE Dashboard		Devices	& Users	Admin Apps	Policies & Co	nfigs Service	s Settings Logs		
<			Devices	Users	Labels	ActiveSync	Apple DEP	Apple Education	
	Action	s -	Add 👻 Resync With LDAP				To Authorized U	Jsers 🗸	Search by User Id
1		EDIT	NAME	USER ID	EMAIL		CREATION DATE	SOURCE	ROLES
17	$\sim$	0	admin	admin			2017-08-31 5:45:	Local	Change Device Ownership, L
	$\sim$	Ø	Appthority Connector	appthority	appthori	ty@govt.mds.local	2017-10-30 5:41:	Local	User Portal

- b. In the Add New User dialogue:
  - i. In the **User ID** field, enter the user identity that the Kryptowire cloud will authenticate under; our implementation uses a value of **kryptowire**.
  - ii. In the First Name field, enter a generic first name for Kryptowire.
  - iii. In the Last Name field, enter a generic last name for Kryptowire.
  - iv. In the **Display Name** field, optionally enter a displayed name for this user account.
  - v. In the **Password** field, provide the password that the **Kryptowire** identity will use to authenticate to MobileIron.
  - vi. In the **Confirm Password** field, enter the same password as in the preceding step.

- vii. In the **Email** field, provide an email account for the **Kryptowire** identity; this could be used in configuring automatic notifications and should be an account under the control of your organization.
- viii. Click Save.

Figure 2-86	Kryptowire	<b>API User</b>	Configuration
-------------	------------	-----------------	---------------

Add New User		×
User ID	kryptowire	
First Name	Kryptowire	
Last Name	Cloud	
Display Name	Kryptowire 2 MobileIron API	
Password		
Confirm Password	•••••	
Email	kryptowire@mds.local	
	Cancel Save	

- 3. In the MobileIron Admin Portal, navigate to Admin > Admins.
- 4. On the **Admins** page:
  - a. Enable the account you created for Kryptowire during Step 2.
  - b. Select Actions > Assign to Space; this opens the Assign to Space dialogue for the Kryptowire account.

### Figure 2-87 MobileIron User List

🐴 > CORE		Dashboard	Devices & Users	Adm	n Apps	Policies & Configs	Services	Settings	Logs
		Admins	Device Spaces						
	Actions 👻							То	Authorized
	NAME	USER ID	EMAIL	4	SOURCE	ROLES			
	admin	admin		l	ocal	API, Add device, Apply a	and remove corr	npliance policy	labels, Apply
	Appthority Connector	appthority	appthority@govt.mds.local	l	ocal	API, Add device, Apply a	and remove corr	npliance policy	labels, Apply
<b>V</b>	Kryptowire 2 MobileIro	kryptowire	kryptowire@govt.mds.local	l	.ocal	API, View dashboard, Vi	ew device page	, device details	3
	Lookout Cloud	lookout	lookout@govt.mds.local	l	.ocal	API, Connector, Distribut	te app, View Au	dit logs, View a	apps and ibo

- c. In the Assign to Space dialogue:
  - i. In the Select Space drop-down menu, select Global.

Figure 2-88	Kryptowire	API User S	pace Assignment
-------------	------------	------------	-----------------

Assign to Space - Kryptowire 2 MobileIron API							
Admin Space Global							
Admin Roles							
Select all admin roles							
<ul> <li>▼ Device Management</li> <li>✓ View device page, device details</li> <li>Selected Permissions</li> <li>Available Permissions</li> </ul>							

ii. Enable each of the following settings:

Admin Roles > Device Management > View device page, device details
Admin Roles > Device Management > View dashboard
Admin Roles > Privacy Control > View apps and ibooks in device details
Admin Roles > Privacy Control > View device IP and MAC address
Admin Roles > App Management > View app
Admin Roles > App Management > View app inventory
Other Roles > Common Services Provider (CSP)
Other Roles > API

iii. Click Save.

# 2.6.2 Contact Kryptowire to Create Inbound Connection

Once the MobileIron API account has been created, contact Kryptowire customer support to integrate your instance of MobileIron Core. Note that this will require creation of firewall rules that permit inbound connections from IP addresses designated by Kryptowire to MobileIron Core on port 443. Once the connection has been established, the Kryptowire portal will populate with information on devices registered with MobileIron. The EMM (Enterprise Mobility Management) ID presented by Kryptowire will be the same as the Universally Unique ID assigned to a device by MobileIron Core.

Kryptowire	Devices on Ne	twork									
MDM INTEGRATION	Search:								Showing 1 to	10 of 19 e	ntries
	Show 10	entries							Previous	1 2	Next
Analyzed Apps	Platform	Device	OS Version	User	Compliant	Email	MAC Address	MDM Identifier	í.		
Submit iOS App		Pixel	8.1	mpeck	~		ac:37:43:dc:0f:da	b04f418c-89ef-4	144a-8307-43f31	37b09797	
Submit Android App		iPad Air 2	11.3.1	mike.peck	~		a8:5b:78:15:45:39	cc598fa2-7110-4	4022-bb05-2077	1943f8c3	
WATCH LIST		Nexus 6	7.0	jean.luc	~		f8:cf:c5:cd:48:29	d4511074-0297	4a64-949f-1f42	bc6f6c29	
SUPPORT TICKET		SM-G930V	7.0	mpeck	~		2c:0e:3d:40:06:fa	eb195105-456e-	4827-8aa0-f76	d7b78d0	f

Figure 2-89 Kryptowire Device List

# 2.7 Integration of Lookout Mobile Endpoint Security with MobileIron

Lookout's Mobile Endpoint Security cloud service uses the MobileIron API to pull mobile device details and app inventory from MobileIron Core. Following analysis, Lookout uses the API to apply specific labels to devices to categorize them by the severity of any issues detected. MobileIron can be configured to automatically respond to the application of specific labels per built-in compliance actions.

## 2.7.1 Add MobileIron API Account for Lookout

The following steps will create an administrative account that will grant Lookout the specific permissions it requires within MobileIron.

- 1. In the MobileIron Admin Portal, navigate to Devices & Users > Users.
- 2. On the Users page:
  - a. Select Add > Add Local User; the Add New User dialogue opens.

#### Figure 2-90 MobileIron User List

🕥 > CORE		ORE	Dashboard	Devices & Users	Admin Apps	Policie	es & Configs	Services	Settinç	js Logs
			Devices	Users Labels	ActiveSync	Apple DE	P Apple E	ducation		
A	ctions	• A	udd 👻 Resync With LDAP							
		E	NAME	USER ID	EMAIL		CREATION DAT	ΓE	\$0	ROLES
	$\sim$	Ø	admin	admin			2017-08-31 5:45	5:19 AM	Local	Change Device
	$\sim$		Administrator	Administrator			2018-07-27 9:14	22 AM	LDAP	
	$\sim$	0	Appthority Connector	appthority	appthority@govt.mds.	local	2017-10-30 5:41	:49 AM	Local	User Portal

- b. In the Add New User dialogue:
  - i. In the **User ID** field, enter the user identity that the Lookout cloud will authenticate under. Our implementation uses a value of **lookout**.
  - ii. In the **First Name** field, enter a generic first name for **Lookout**.
  - iii. In the Last Name field, enter a generic last name for Lookout.
  - iv. In the **Display Name** field, optionally enter a displayed name for this user account.
  - v. In the **Password** field, provide the password that the **Lookout** identity will use to authenticate to MobileIron.
  - vi. In the **Confirm Password** field, enter the same password as in the preceding step.
  - vii. In the **Email** field, provide an email account for the **Lookout** identity; since this may be used for alerts, it should be an account under the control of your organization.
  - viii. Click Save.



#### Figure 2-91 MobileIron Lookout User Configuration

- 3. In the MobileIron Admin Portal, navigate to Admin.
- 4. On the **Admin** page:
  - a. Enable the account you created for Lookout during Step 2.
  - b. Select Actions > Assign to Space; this opens the Assign to Space dialogue for the Lookout account.

#### Figure 2-92 Lookout MobileIron Admin Account

K	• CORE	Dashboard	Devices & Users	Admin	Apps	Policies & Configs	Services	Settin	ıgs Logs
<		Admins	Device Spaces						
4	Actions 👻				Т	o Authorized Users	~	Lookout	
V	NAME	USER ID	EMAIL	SOUF	RCE	ROLES			ADMIN SPACES
7	Lookout Cloud	lookout	lookout@govt.mds.local	Local					

- c. In the Assign to Space dialogue:
  - i. In the Select Space drop-down menu, select Global.

Figure 2-93 Lookout Account Space Assignment

Assign to Space - Lookout Cloud	×
Select Space Global 🗸	^
Admin Roles	
Select all admin roles	
▼ Device Management	

ii. Enable each of the following settings:

Admin Roles > Device Management > View device page, device details
Admin Roles > Device Management > View dashboard
Admin Roles > Label Management > View Label
Admin Roles > Label Management > Manage Label
Admin Roles > Privacy Control > View apps and ibooks in device details
Admin Roles > Privacy Control > View device IP and MAC address
Admin Roles > App Management > Distribute app
Admin Roles > Logs and Event Management > View Audit logs
Admin Roles > Logs and Event Management > View events
Other Roles > CSP
Other Roles > Connector
Other Roles > API

iii. Click Save.

## 2.7.2 Add MobileIron Labels for Lookout

Lookout will dynamically apply MobileIron labels to protected devices to communicate information about their current state. The following steps will create a group of Lookout-specific labels.

- 1. In the MobileIron Admin Portal, navigate to Devices & Users > Labels.
- 2. On the **Labels** page:
  - a. Select Add Label; the Add Label dialogue appears.

Figure 2-94 MobileIron Label List

4	<b>)</b> ,	CORE	Dashboard	Devices	& Users	Admin Apps	Policies &	& Configs	Services	Settings	Logs
			Devices	Users	Labels	ActiveSync	Apple DEP	Apple I	Education		
	Action	Add Label									
		NAME	*	DESCRIPTIO	DN		TYPE	CRITERIA			
	$^{\sim}$	All-Smartphones		Label for all	devices irres	pective of OS	Filter	"common.re	etired"=false		
	$\sim$	Android		Label for all	Android Pho	nes.	Filter	"common.p	latform"="Andro	id" AND "comn	non.retired"=1
	$^{\sim}$	Company-Owned		Label for all	Company ov	ned smartphones.	Filter	"common.o	wner"="COMPA	NY" AND "con	nmon.retired"

- b. In the Add Label dialogue:
  - i. In the **Name** field, enter the name of the label. Note: future steps will use the Label Names presented here but use of these names is optional.
  - ii. In the **Description** field, enter a brief description for this label.
  - iii. For the **Type** option, select **Manual**; this hides all other form inputs.
  - iv. Click Save.

Figure 2-95 MTP Low Risk Label Configuration

Add Label		×
Name	MTP - Low Risk	
Description	Risk posture: devices with low-risk threats in Lookout.	
Туре	Manual Sector	
	Cancel	ve

c. Complete Step 2 for each label in the following table:

Label Name	Purpose
Lookout for Work	Device enrollment
MTP - Pending	Lifecycle management: devices with
	Lookout not yet activated
MTP - Secured	Lifecycle management: devices with
	Lookout activated
MTP - Threats Present	Lifecycle management: devices with
	threats detected by Lookout

Label Name	Purpose
MTP - Deactivated	Lifecycle management: devices with
	Lookout deactivated
MTP - Low Risk	Risk posture: devices with a low risk score
	in Lookout
MTP - Moderate Risk	Risk posture: devices with a moderate
	risk score in Lookout
MTP - High Risk	Risk posture: devices with a high risk
	score in Lookout

**Note:** Administrators can choose to alter the label names to something more appropriate for their environment.

## 2.7.3 Add Lookout for Work for Android to MobileIron App Catalog

The following steps will add the Lookout for Work app for Android to MobileIron.

- 1. In the **MobileIron Admin Portal**, navigate to **Apps > App Catalog**.
- 2. On the **App Catalog** page, select **Add**; this starts the workflow to add a new app to the app catalog.

Figure 2-96 MobileIron App Catalog

🐴 > CORE	Dashboard	Devices & Users	Admin A	pps Policies	s & Con	ifigs Services	Settings	Logs
	App Catal	og iBooks I	nstalled Apps	App Tunnels	App	Control Apps	@Work Settin	ngs App Licen:
Filters	Actions	- Add+ Qu	uick Import 👻					
2 ann(a)		APPLICATIO	APP VERSION	SOURCE	L	DEVICES INST	APP SIZE	PROVISIONING PF
Search by Name		Appthority	1.12.0	In-House	iOS	0	1.30 MB	
<ul><li>Source</li><li>All</li></ul>		MobileIron Mo		Public	iOS	2	57.21 MB	
<ul><li>Public</li><li>In-House</li></ul>								

- 3. On the **App Catalog > Choose** page:
  - a. Select **Google Play**; additional controls will be displayed.
  - b. In the Application Name field, enter Lookout for Work.

- c. Select **Search**; search results will be displayed in the lower pane.
- d. In the list of search results, select the **Lookout for Work** app.
- e. Select Next.

Figure 2-97 Adding Lookout for Work to the MobileIron App Catalog

🐴 > CORE	Dashboard	Devices & Users	a Admin	Apps	Policies &	Configs S	ervices Set	tings Logs
	App Catalo	g iBooks	Installed App	s App	o Tunnels	App Control	Apps@Wor	k Settings App
1 Choose	$\bigcirc$	iTunes		i Goog	le Play		Windows	6
2 Describe	Applicat	ion Name Lookout	for Work		Search			
3 App Store		NAME						DESCRIPTION
4 App Configuration	8	Lookout for Work						This app is only for bu
	6	Lookout Security	& Antivirus					Introducing Safe Wi-F
							Cancel	Next>

- 4. On the **App Catalog > Describe** page:
  - a. In **Category** drop-down menu, optionally assign the app to a category as appropriate to your MobileIron deployment strategy.
  - b. Select Next.

🐴 , CORE	Dashboard Devices & Users Admin Apps	s Policies & Configs	Services Settings Logs
<	App Catalog iBooks Installed Apps	App Tunnels App Contr	Apps@Work Settings App Lic
Choose	Lookout for Work		
2 Describe			
3 App Configuration	Application Name Lookout for Work Min. OS Version 4.1		
	Description This app is only for the Lookout for Wo Lookout for person for "Lookout Securi Antivirus" -cbp-cbp	business users enrolled in rk program. To download al use, search the Play Store ity & Lookout offers the best mobile threate to Koop your	
	Category Security Apps Add New Category	×	
			Skip Next →

### Figure 2-98 Lookout for Work Application Configuration

- 5. On the **App Catalog > App Configuration** page:
  - a. In the Apps@Work Catalog section, Enable Feature this App in the Apps@Work catalog.

Figure 2-99 Lookout for Work Application Configuration

Dashboard Devices & Users Admin Apps Policies & Configs Services Settings Logs	
App Catalog iBooks Installed Apps App Tunnels App Control Apps@Work Settings A	App Licer
Lookout for Work	
APPS@WORK CATALOG	^
Feature this App in the Apps@Work catalog	
Featured Banner	
PER APP VPN SETTINGS	
	Dashboard Devices & Users Admin Apps Policies & Configs Services Settings Logs   App Catalog iBooks Installed Apps App Tunnels App Control Apps@Work Settings Apps@Work Settings APPS@Work CATALOG Feature this App in the Apps@Work catalog Featured Banner PER APP VPN SETTINGS

b. In the Android Enterprise (Android for Work [AFW]) section:

- i. Enable Install this app for Android enterprise; additional controls display.
- ii. Enable Auto Update this App.
- iii. Ensure Silently Install is enabled.
- c. Click Finish.

Figure 2-100 Lookout for Work AFW Configuration

🕥 > CORE	Dashboard Devices & Users Admin Apps Policies & Configs Services Settings Logs
	App Catalog iBooks Installed Apps App Tunnels App Control Apps@Work Settings App Lic
Choose	Lookout for Work
Describe	
3 App Configuration	ANDROID ENTERPRISE (ANDROID FOR WORK)
	Enabling apps for Android enterprise will make them available in Google Play.
	Install this app for Android enterprise
	☑ Auto Update this App
	Silently Install
	Block Widget on Home Screen
	Block Uninstall
	- Back Skip Finish

6. The **Lookout for Work** app should now appear in the App Catalog with the AFW indicator.

### 2.7.4 Apply Labels to Lookout for Work for Android

- 1. On the App Catalog page:
  - a. Enable Lookout for Work.
  - b. Select Actions > Apply To Labels; the Apply To Labels dialogue appears.

### Figure 2-101 Apply Lookout for Work to Android Devices

🐴 • CORE	Dashboard Devices & U	lsers Admin A	pps Policies	s & Configs	Services	Settings	Logs	
	App Catalog iBooks	Installed Apps	App Tunnels	App Contro	ol Apps	@Work Setti	ngs App L	
Filters	Actions - Add+	Quick Import 👻						
9 app(s)	Remove from Labels Send Installation Request	To Labels APP VERSION SOUR		RCE L DEVICES IN		ST APP SIZE NEW PERMIS		
▼ Source	Manage VPP	2.8.0.0.10-T8	In-House	0		19.21 MB		
<ul><li>Public</li><li>In-House</li></ul>			F UDIC	3	3 U		Unknown	

- c. In the Apply To Labels dialogue:
  - i. Enable the **Lookout for Work** and **Android** labels, plus any other labels appropriate to your organization's mobile security policies.
  - ii. Select Apply.

Apply To Labels								
Sea	Search by Name or Description							
	NAME	DESCRIPTION	INSTALLED					
	All-Smartphones	Label for all devices irrespective of OS	Not Applied					
	Android	Label for all Android Phones.	Not Applied					
	Appthority	Label for applying Appthority policies and	Not Applied					
	Appthority Manag		Not Applied					
	Company-Owned	Label for all Company owned smartphones.	Not Applied					
	Employee-Owned	Label for all Employee owned Smartphones.	Not Applied					
	iOS	Label for all iOS devices.	Not Applied					
	Lookout for Work	Used to identify devices enrolled with Look	Not Applied					
	macOS	Label for all macOS Devices.	Not Applied					
	Page 1 of	2 🕨 🕅 🤶	Displaying 1 - 10 of 20					
			Cancel Apply					

d. The **Lookout for Work** app appears with the **Lookout for Work** and **Android** labels applied.

### Figure 2-103 Lookout for Work with Applied Labels

🐴 > CORE	Dashboard	Devices & Users	a Admin	Apps	Policies & C	onfigs S	ervices	Settings	Logs
	App Catalo	iBooks	Installed App	s Ap	p Tunnels A	App Control	Apps@	Work Settin	gs
Filters	Actions	- Add+ C	Quick Import	·					
<b>9</b> app(s)		APPLICATION NA	ME	•	APP VERSION	SOURCE	LAB	ELS	
Search by Name		Email+			2.8.0.0.10-T8	In-House			
▼ Source									
<ul> <li>Public</li> <li>In-House</li> </ul>		Lookout for Work				Public	Andr	Android, Lookout for Work	

# 2.7.5 Add Lookout for Work app for iOS to MobileIron App Catalog

The following steps will add the Lookout for Work app for iOS to MobileIron, apply appropriate MobileIron labels, and create and upload a configuration file for one-touch activation of the app.

### 2.7.5.1 Import Lookout for Work App

- 1. In the **MobileIron Admin Portal**, navigate to **Apps > App Catalog**.
- 2. On the **App Catalog** page, select **Add**; this starts the workflow to add a new app to the app catalog.

🐴 > CORE	Dashboard	Devices & Users	Admin A	Apps Policie	s & Co	onfigs Services	Settings	Logs
	App Cata	llog iBooks	Installed Apps	App Tunnels	A	op Control App	s@Work Setti	ngs App Licen
Filters Actions - Add+ Quick Import -								
2		APPLICATIO	APP VERSION	SOURCE	L	DEVICES INST	APP SIZE	PROVISIONING PR
Search by Name		Appthority	1.12.0	In-House	iOS	0	1.30 MB	
▼ Source ◎ All		MobileIron Mo		Public	iOS	2	57.21 MB	
<ul><li>Public</li><li>In-House</li></ul>								

Figure 2-104 MobileIron App Catalog

3. On the App Catalog > Choose page:
- a. Select **iTunes**; additional controls display.
- b. In the Application Name field, enter Lookout for Work.
- c. Select **Search**; the search results display in the lower pane.
- d. In the list of search results, select the **Lookout for Work** app.
- e. Select Next.
- Figure 2-105 Lookout for Work Selected From iTunes

\land > CORE	Dashboard	Devices & Users	s Admin	Apps	Policies & Configs	Services Se	ttings Lo	ogs
	App Catalo	g iBooks	Installed App	s App	Tunnels App Con	trol Apps@Wo	rk Settings	App Lic
1 Choose	$\bigcirc$	iTunes	< <tr></tr>	Googl	le Play	Windows		
2 Describe	Applicati	on Name Lookout	for Work	Ap	op Store United States	✓ Limit 5	0	Search
3 App Store		NAME						
4 App Configuration	8	Lookout for Work						
						Canc	el Next	->

- 4. On the **App Catalog > Describe** page:
  - a. In **Category** drop-down menu, optionally assign the app to a category as appropriate to your MobileIron deployment strategy.
  - b. Select Next.

🐴 > CORE	Dashboard De	evices & Users	Admin	Apps	Policies	& Configs	Services	Settings	Logs
	App Catalog	iBooks li	nstalled App	s App	Tunnels	App Contr	ol Apps	@Work Settin	gs App Licen:
Choose	<u>ا</u>	ookout for Wo	ork						
2 Describe									
3 App Store		Application Name	Lookout for	r Work					
I		Min. OS Version	9.0						
4 App Configuration		Developer	Lookout, Ind	C.					
		Description	Lookout for enrolled in the Lookout for sure your de company's to be out of	Work is online he Lookout Work on yo evice stays of corporate p	y for employe Enterprise pr ur corporate compliant wit olicies. If a c	ers who have rogram. Install device to make th your device is found pelly contact	e		
		iPad Only	No						
		Category	Security Ap	ps	*				
			Add New C	ategory					
								Skip	Next ->

Figure 2-106 Lookout for Work App Configuration

- 5. On the **App Catalog > App Store** page:
  - a. In the Apps@Work Catalog section:
    - i. Enable Allow conversion of app from unmanaged to managed (iOS 9 or later).
    - ii. Enable Feature this App in the Apps@Work catalog.
    - iii. Select Next.

🐴 > CORE	Dashboard Devices & Users Admin Apps Policies & Configs Services Settings Logs							
	App Catalog iBooks Installed Apps App Tunnels App Control Apps@Work Settings App Lice							
Choose	Cookout for Work							
Describe								
3 App Store	APPS@WORK CATALOG							
	This is a Free App							
4 App Configuration	Hide this App from the Apps@Work catalog							
	Allow conversion of app from unmanaged to managed (iOS 9 or later).							
	Feature this App in the Apps@Work catalog							
	Featured Banner							
	← Back Skip Next →							

### Figure 2-107 Lookout for Work App Configuration

- b. In the App Catalog > App Configuration section:
  - i. Enable Send installation request or send convert unmanaged to managed app request (iOS 9 and later) on device registration or sign-in.
  - ii. Enable Advanced Settings > Automatically update app when new version is available.
- c. Click Finish.



### Figure 2-108 Lookout for Work Managed App Settings

6. The Lookout for Work app should now appear in the App Catalog with AFW indicator.

Figure 2-109 App Catalog with Lookout for Work

🐴 > CORE	Dashboard	Devices & Users	s Admin A	Apps Policies	s & Co	nfigs Services	Settings	Logs
	App Cat	alog iBooks	Installed Apps	App Tunnels	Ap	p Control App	s@Work Setti	ngs App Licen:
Filters	Action	Add+	Quick Import 🕞					
3		APPLICATIO	APP VERSION	SOURCE	L	DEVICES INST	APP SIZE	PROVISIONING PF
		Appthority	1.12.0	In-House	iOS	0	1.30 MB	
Search by Name								
▼ Source	6	Lookout for W		Public		0	36.88 MB	

# 2.7.5.2 Apply MobileIron Labels to Lookout for Work App

- 1. On the App Catalog page:
  - a. Enable Lookout for Work.

### b. Select Actions > Apply To Labels; the Apply To Labels dialogue will appear.

Figure 2-110 Lookout for Work Selected

🐴 > CORE	Dashboard	Devices & Users	Admin /	Apps Pol	icies & Configs	Services Settings	s Logs
	App Catalo	og iBooks I	Installed Apps	App Tunn	els App Contro	ol Apps@Work Set	tings App
Filters	Actions	- Add+ Qu	uick Import 👻				
3		APPLICATIO •	APP VERSION	SOURCE	LABELS	DEVICES INST	APP SIZE
Search by Name		Appthority	1.12.0	In-House	iOS	1	1.30 MB
▼ Source ◎ All		Lookout for W		Public		1	36.88 MB

- c. In the Apply To Labels dialogue:
  - i. Enable the **Lookout for Work** and **iOS** labels, plus any other labels appropriate to your organization's mobile security policies.
  - ii. Select Apply.

Sea	rch by Name or Descrip	otion	
	NAME	DESCRIPTION	INSTALLED
	AFW	Android for Work - enterprise owned devices.	Not Applied
	All-Smartphones	Label for all devices irrespective of OS	Not Applied
	Android	Label for all Android Phones.	Not Applied
	Appthority	Label for applying Appthority policies and	Not Applied
	Appthority Manag		Not Applied
	Company-Owned	Label for all Company owned smartphones.	Not Applied
	Employee-Owned	Label for all Employee owned Smartphones.	Not Applied
	iOS	Label for all iOS devices.	Not Applied
	Lookout for Work	Used to identify devices enrolled with Look	Not Applied
	Page 1 0	of 3 🕨 🕅 🤐	Displaying 1 - 10 of 21

## Figure 2-111 Apply To Labels Dialogue

d. The **Lookout for Work** app appears with the Lookout for Work and iOS labels applied.

🐴 > CORE	Dashboard	Devices & Users	Admin	Apps P	olicies & Configs	Services Settin	gs Logs
	App Catalo	<b>g</b> iBooks I	installed Apps	App Tu	nnels App Contro	ol Apps@Work \$	Settings App
Filters	Actions	- Add+ Qu	uick Import 👻				
1(.)		APPLICATIO	APP VERSION	SOURCE	LABELS	DEVICES INST.	. APP SIZE
Lookout		Lookout for W		Public	iOS, Lookout for Wo	ork 1	36.88 MB

×

## 2.7.5.3 Create Managed App Configuration File for Lookout for Work

MobileIron can push a configuration file down to managed iOS devices to allow users to activate Lookout for Work. The following steps will create and upload the necessary file.

1. Using a **plain text** editor, create the following text file by **replacing the asterisks on line 13** with your organization's Global Enrollment Code.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE plist PUBLIC "-//Apple//DTD PLIST 1.0//EN"
"https://www.apple.com/DTDs/PropertyList-1.0.dtd">
<plist version="1.0">
<dict>
<key>MDM</key>
<string>MOBILEIRON</string>
<key>DEVICE_UDID</key>
<string>$DEVICE_UDID$</string>
<key>EMAIL</key>
<string>$EMAIL$</string>
<key>GLOBAL_ENROLLMENT_CODE</key>
<string>******</string>
</dict>
```

- 2. In the MobileIron Admin Portal, navigate to Policies & Configs > Configurations.
- 3. On the **Configurations** Page:
  - Select Add New > iOS and OS X > iOS Only > Managed App Config; the New Managed App Config Setting dialogue opens.

	> CORE	Dashb	oard	Devices 8	Users	Admin	Apps	Policies & Conf	igs Services S	
		Co	nfigura	ations Po	licies	ActiveSyr	nc Policie	s Compliance F	Policies Complian	
Actions	Add New      Labels:	All-Smartph	iones	*	Search	n by User	P	Configuration Type:	Filter by Configuration T	
Nam	ne Android	iguration	Bundl	e/Package ID	Descripti	ion				
Andr	roid Exchange	ROIDFOR			Created to	o support And	roid for Wo	rk configuration options o	n Android devices.	
Appt	thor Email	AGED AP	com.ap	opthority.Appt	Identifies	and reports or	n the risk a	ssociated with installed ap	ops.	
Appt	thor Wi-Fi	VISIONIN			Applicatio	n Provisioning	Profile em	bedded in file: Appthority	_MobileAgent_Distribution	
Conf	îgu VPN	ONFIG	forgep	ond.com.appt	Custom A	ppConnect Ap	op Configur	ation for Appthority. This	is necessary for users t	
Conf	igu AppConnect	POLICY	forgep	ond.com.appt	Required to allow Appthority Mobile Agent to run with AppConnect.					
Emai	il+ Certificates	CONFIG	forgep	ond.com.mob	Default Ap	ppConnect Co	nfiguration			
Emai	il+ Certificate Enrollment	POLICY	forgep		Default A.	Connect Co	ntainer Pol	icy		
E Exch	ang Docs@Work	HANGE		AirPlay		policy to per	rmit device	s to access Exchange over	er ActiveSync.	
foo t	est Web@Work	FRICTION		AirPrint						
ios-I	Res iOS and macOS	iOS Only	Þ	APN						
Secu	windows	macOS Only	Þ	App Restrictions	5	Connect Co	nfiguration			
Secu	ire Apps Manager APP	iOS and mac	os 🕨	Fonts		Connect Co	ntainer Pol	icy		
Syste	em - Apps@Work AET APP	ENROLLM		Managed App C	Config	d Windows	Application	Enrollment Token Setting	1	
Syste	em - iOS Enrollment C CER	TIFICATE		Managed Doma	ins	tificate is us	ed to sign (	configuration profiles distr	ibuted to iOS devices.	

#### Figure 2-113 Importing Managed Application Configuration

- b. In the Managed App Config Setting dialogue:
  - i. In the **Name** field, provide a name for this configuration; our implementation used **Activate Lookout**.
  - ii. In the **Description** field, provide the purpose for this configuration.
  - iii. In the **BundleId** field, enter the bundle ID for Lookout at Work, which for our version was **com.lookout.work**.
  - iv. Select Choose File... to upload the plist file created during Step 1.
  - v. Click Save.

#### Figure 2-114 plist File Configuration

New Managed Ap	p Config Setting
	Save Cancel
Managed App Config iOS7 and later.	allows you to specify a configuration dictionary to communicate with and configure third-party managed apps. It is supported only by
License Required:	This feature requires a separate license. Prior to using this feature, ensure your organization has purchased the required licenses.
Name:	Activate Lookout
Description:	Activates Lookout for Work on iOS.
BundleId:	com.lookout.work
File:	Choose File lookout_ios,plist
Save Cancel	

# 2.7.5.4 Apply Labels to Managed App Configuration for Lookout for Work

The following steps will apply the managed app configuration created in the previous section to labels.

- 1. In the MobileIron Admin Portal, navigate to Policies & Configs > Configurations.
- 2. On the **Configurations** page:
  - a. Enable the **Lookout Activation** managed app configuration created in the previous section.
  - b. Select Actions > Apply To Label; the Apply To Label dialogue opens.

## Figure 2-115 Lookout Configuration Selected

🐴 , CORE	Dashboard	Devices & Users	Admin Apps	Policies & Configs	Services Settings	Logs
	Configuratio	ons Policies	ActiveSync Polici	es Compliance Policie	es Compliance Action	ns
Actions • Add New • Li	abels: All-Smartphones	✓ Search	by User 🔎	Configuration Type: Filter	by Configuration Type 🗸	Search by Na
Name 🔺	Configuration Type	Bundle/Package ID	Description C	onfiguration Details		
Activate Lookout	MANAGED APP CONFIG	com.lookout.work	Activates Lookout			View File
Android for Work Configur	ANDROIDFORWORK		Created to support	Activate Lookout		
Appthority Mobile Intellige	MANAGED APP CONFIG	com.appthority.Appt	Identifies and repo	roundle Lookout		
Appthority_MobileAgent	PROVISIONING_PROFILE		Application Provisi	Activates Lookout for W	ork on iOS.	

c. In the Apply To Label dialogue:

- i. Enable the **iOS** and **Lookout for Work** labels.
- ii. Select Apply.

Figure 2-116 Apply To Label Dialogue

Apply To Label							
Search by Name or Description							
Name 🔺	Name Description Installed						
AFW	Android for Work - enterprise owned	Not Applied					
All-Smartphones	Label for all devices irrespective of OS	Not Applied					
Android	Label for all Android Phones.	Not Applied					
Appthority	Label for applying Appthority policie	Not Applied					
Appthority Managed D		Not Applied					
Company-Owned	Label for all Company owned smart	Not Applied					
Employee-Owned	Label for all Employee owned Smart	Not Applied					
ios	Label for all iOS devices.	Not Applied					
Lookout for Work	Used to identify devices enrolled wit	Not Applied					
macOS	Label for all macOS Devices.	Not Applied					
MTP - Deactivated	Device lifecycle: deactivated in Look	Not Applied					
MTP - High Risk	Risk posture: high-risk devices in Lo	Not Applied					
🚺 🖣 Page 1 of 2 🕨	N   @	1 - 20 of 21					
Apply							

d. The system should now reflect that the **Lookout for iOS** and **iOS** labels have been applied to the **Activate Lookout** configuration.

### Figure 2-117 Lookout Configuration With Labels

	> CORE	Dashboard	Devices & Users	Admin Apps	Policies & Co	onfigs S	Services	Settings	Logs
	Configurations Policies ActiveSync Policies Compliance Policies Compliance Actions								
Act	tions • Add New • La	bels: All-Smartphones	<ul> <li>✓ Search</li> </ul>	by User 🔎	Configuration Typ	e: Filter by	Configuration	Туре 🗙 🛛 Se	earch by Na
	Name 🔺	Configuration Type	Bundle/Package ID	Description		# Phones	Labels		
	Activate Lookout	MANAGED APP CONFIG	com.lookout.work	Activates Lookout for W	ork on iOS.	<u>3</u>	Lookout for V	Vork, iOS	
	Android for Work Configur	ANDROIDFORWORK		Created to support Andr	oid for Work con	Ζ	Android		
	Appthority Mobile Intellige	MANAGED APP CONFIG	com.appthority.Appt	Identifies and reports on	the risk associa	3	iOS		

# 2.7.6 Add MDM Connector for MobileIron to Lookout MES

The following instructions will connect Lookout with your MobileIron instance and associate Lookout device states with the MobileIron labels created previously.

- 1. Using the most-recent version of *MDM Service IP* allowed addresses available from the Lookout support portal, configure your organization's firewalls to permit inbound connections from the IP addresses provided on port 443 to your instance of MobileIron Core.
- 2. In the Lookout MES portal, navigate to Lookout > System > Connectors.
- 3. On the **Connectors** page:
  - a. Select Add Connector > MobileIron; a new form opens.

Figure 2-118 Add Lookout Connector Display

🗟 Lookout	Connectors
Back	You can use Connectors with supported MDM systems to sync Lookout issue information and automate enrollment, activation, and compliance.
Account	To configure a connection create a connector below. You can also edit a connector once it's been created.
Manage Admins	Add Connector AirWatch MobileIron
Enrollment Settings	
Send Invites	
Manage Invites	
iOS Configuration	
Connectors	
Application Keys	

- b. In the Connector Settings section of the form:
  - i. For the **MobileIron URL** field, enter the FQDN for your instance of MobileIron. In our example implementation, the URL was **mi-core.govt.mdse.nccoe.org**.
  - ii. For the **Username** field, enter the User ID of the MobileIron admin account created in 2.7.1. In our example implementation, the **User ID** is **lookout**.
  - iii. For the **Password** field, enter the password associated with that MobileIron admin account.
  - iv. Select Create Connector; this enables additional sections of the form.

**Figure 2-119 Connector Settings** 

🗟 Lookout		on			
< Back					
Account	Connector Settings	Connector Setting	js		
Manage Admins	Envollment	MobileIron URL	mi-core.govt.mdse.nccoe.org		?
Enrollment Settings			You may need to whitelist Lookout IP a connectivity. Learn more	addresses to establish	
Send Invites					
Manage Invites		Username Password	lookout	3	
iOS Configuration			Create connector		
Connectors					
Application Keys					

- c. In the Enrollment Management section of the form:
  - i. Toggle **Device Enrollment > Automatically** drive Lookout for Work enrollment on MobileIron managed devices to **On.**
  - ii. For the Device Enrollment > Use the following label to identify devices that should have the Lookout for Work app activated drop-down menu, select the Lookout for Work label.
  - iii. Toggle Device Enrollment > Automatically send activation emails to MobileIron managed devices to On.

#### iv. Select Save Changes.

#### Figure 2-120 Connector Enrollment Settings

Se Lookout	ileIron	Close
< Back		
Account Setti	ctor Device Enrollment	
Manage Admins Enrollm Managem	Automatically drive Lookout for Work enrollment on nent MobileIron managed devices nent	
Enrollment Settings State S	Use the following label to identify devices that should have the Lookout for Work app activated	Lookout for Work v
Send Invites Mana Dev	ged How often should Lookout check for new devices?	5 © minute increments ?
Manage Invites	Automatically send activation emails to MobileIron	ON (?)
iOS Configuration Managem	lent	
Connectors	Device Deactivation	
Application Keys	Delete device on unenrollment	
	Automatically deactivate Lookout on select devices*	ON (?)
	Deactivate Lookout on devices with any of these	Lost
	MobileIron statuses	Wiped
		<ul> <li>Retired</li> </ul>
		Save changes
NIST - National		$\ast$ Lookout will only monitor devices for deactivation if they remain associated with the enrollment label

- d. In the **State Sync** section of the form:
  - i. Toggle State Sync > Synchronize Device Status to MobileIron to On.
  - ii. For each entry in the table below:
    - 1) Toggle the control to **On.**
    - 2) From the drop-down menu, select the MobileIron Label with the associated Purpose from the table in Section 2.6.2 Add MobileIron Labels for Lookout. We provide the Label Name we used for each Purpose in our example implementation.

State	Purpose	Label Name
Devices that have	Lifecycle management:	MTP - Pending
not activated	devices with Lookout	
Lookout yet	not yet activated	

State	Purpose	Label Name
Devices with	Lifecycle management:	MTP - Secured
Lookout activated	devices with Lookout	
	activated	
Devices on which	Lifecycle management:	MTP - Deactivated
Lookout is	devices with Lookout	
deactivated	deactivated	
Devices with any	Lifecycle management:	MTP - Threats
issues present	devices with threats	Detected
	detected by Lookout	
Devices with Low	Risk posture: devices	MTP - Low Risk
Risk issues present	with a low risk score in	
	Lookout	
Devices with	Risk posture: devices	MTP - Moderate
Medium Risk issues	with a moderate risk	Risk
present	score in Lookout	
Devices with High	Risk posture: devices	MTP - High Risk
Risk issues present	with a high risk score in	
	Lookout	

**Note:** Administrators can choose to alter the label names to something more appropriate for their environment.

iii. Select Save Changes.

#### Figure 2-121 Connector Sync Settings



# 2.7.7 Configure MobileIron Risk Response

The following steps will allow MobileIron to generate responses to various device states as assigned to devices by Lookout (e.g., MTP - High Risk).

# 2.7.7.1 Add MobileIron App Control Rule

- 1. In the MobileIron Admin Portal, navigate to Apps > App Control.
- 2. Select Add; the Add App Control Rule dialogue appears.
- 3. In the Add App Control Rule dialogue:
  - a. In the Name field, enter Threats Present Trigger.

- b. Of the Type options, select Required.
- c. In the App Identifier/Name field enter app does not exist.
- d. In the Device Platform drop-down menu, select All.
- e. In the **Comment** field, optionally enter **Forces non-compliant state.**
- f. Click Save.

#### Figure 2-122 MobileIron App Control Rule

Edit App Control Rule				⊠
			Save	Cancel
Name: Threats Present Trigger Type: Allowed Disalle When creating policies Android, iOS or ma Windows Phone 8. Windows 10 Deskte Note: When using "E) unsigned apps. Rule Entries:	owed WIP Required (Required of s for cOS, use "Name Equals/Identifier Equals/Name Co 1 or Windows 10 Mobile, only use "MS Store GUID op, use "Publisher/PFN Equals" or "EXE/Win32 Equ KE/Win32 Equals", you can choose either the publ App Identifier/Name	ption is only applicable f ontains/Identifier Contai Equals" Jals" isher/application for sign Device Platform	to Android, iOS and macOS) ns" ned apps or the direct path for Comment	
App <u>ventile</u> <u>v</u>			rored noreompliant state	0
Sava Canaal				

4. The new app control rule should now appear on the **Apps > App Control** page.

#### Figure 2-123 MobileIron App Control Rule

(	<b>^</b> > 1	CORE	Dashboard	Devices & Use	ers Admin	Apps	Policies &	Configs	Services	Settings	Logs	
	C		App Catal	og iBooks	Installed Apps	a Ap	p Tunnels	App Con	trol Apr	s@Work Sett	tings	A
A	id   Del	ete Search by Name	<b>Р</b> Туре:	All	~							
	Edit	Name 🔺	Туре	Rule Entries	Used In Policy							
	0	Threats Present Trigger	Required	View Rule Entries	Not Used							

# 2.7.7.2 Add MobileIron Compliance Actions

A Compliance Action defines what actions MobileIron will take when an App Control policy, like the one created in the previous section, is violated by a managed mobile device. The following steps will create and configure an example Compliance Action in response to the MTP - High Risk App Control rule. Note that a single Compliance Action can be associated with multiple App Control rules if the same response would be configured for each. Otherwise, a new Compliance Action should be created.

- 1. In the MobileIron Admin Portal, navigate to Policies & Configs > Compliance Actions.
- 2. Select Add; the Add Compliance Action dialogue opens.
- 3. In the Add Compliance Action dialogue:
  - a. In the **Name** field, add a description of the compliance action; we recommend indicating the kind of action taken. This example illustrates creating a compliance action that will be associated with the **MTP High Risk** label.
  - b. Select the Enforce Compliance Actions Locally on Devices check box.
  - c. Select the Send a compliance notification or alert to the user check box.
  - d. Select the Block email access and AppConnect apps check box.
  - e. Select the Quarantine the device check box.
  - f. Deselect the Remove All Configurations check box.
  - g. Click Save.

#### Figure 2-124 MTP High Risk Compliance Action

Add Compliance Action	×
Select the actions that will be performed when devices are out-of-compliance.	
Name: MTP - High Risk	
Enforce Compliance Actions Locally on Devices	
Tier 1	
<ul> <li>ALERT</li> <li>Send a compliance notification or alert to the user</li> </ul>	
* BLOCK ACCESS	
Block email access and AppConnect apps	
<ul> <li>QUARANTINE</li> <li>For Android enterprise devices, all Android enterprise apps and functionality will be hidden except Downloads, Google settings, Google Play Store and Mobile@Work app.</li> <li>Quarantine the device</li> </ul>	
Remove All Configurations	
Remove iBooks content, managed apps, and block new app downloads	
	Ð
Cancel	Save

## 2.7.7.3 Create MobileIron Security Policy for Lookout MES

In addition to potentially defining other controls, such as password requirements, a Security Policy can map a Compliance Action to an App Control rule, enabling MobileIron to execute the configured actions whenever a device that applies the policy violates the App Control rule. The following steps will create a new Security Policy for Lookout MES High Risk devices using an existing policy as a baseline from which to apply more stringent controls.

- 1. In the MobileIron Admin Portal, navigate to Policies & Configs > Policies.
- 2. On the **Policies** page:
  - a. Select the security policy to use as a baseline.
  - b. Select More Actions > Save As; this opens the New Security Policy dialogue.

#### Figure 2-125 Baseline Policy Selection

(	🚺 > CORE		Dashboar	rd Dev	ices & Users	Admin Apps	Policies	s & Configs	Services	Settings	Log	js
			Config	urations	Policies	ActiveSync Policies	Com	pliance Policie	es Compli	ance Actior	IS	
D	elete More Actions	<ul> <li>Add New •</li> </ul>	Labels: All-S	Smartphone	is 💌	Search by User	P	Policy Type: S	earch by Policy	rype 💌 S	Search b	oy Nan
	Policy Name	Priority 🔺	Status	Descr	Туре	Last Modified	# Phones	Labels		Wate	h List	
	Default Lockdown	LOCKDOWN	Active	Defaul	LOCKDOWN	2008-01-01 3:00:00	0			0		
	Default Sync Policy	SYNC	Active	Defaul	SYNC	2008-01-01 3:00:00	<u>15</u>			0		
V	DOD Policy	SECURITY - 3	Active	Mobil	SECURITY	2018-06-11 2:52:57	0			0		

- c. In the New Security Policy dialogue:
  - i. In the Name field, rename the policy to MTP High Risk.
  - ii. In the **Priority** drop-down menu, select a current policy. The new policy will be prioritized based on the selection. In this example, the new policy is higher than the **MTP Medium Risk** policy. **Note:** for ease of setting priority, it is recommended to add new security policies in ascending order (lowest to highest priority).

#### Figure 2-126 MTP High Risk Policy

New Security Policy		×
	Save C	ancel
Name: Status: Priority: Description:	MTP High Risk	

iii. Under Access Control > For All Platforms section:

- 1. For the **when a device violates the following app control rules** drop-down menu, select the **MTP High Risk** compliance action.
- 2. In the Available list of app control rules, highlight MTP High Risk Trigger.
- 3. Select the **right arrow** to move MTP High Risk Trigger item into the **Enabled** List.
- iv. Click Save.

Figure 2-127 Security Policy Trigger

New Security Poli	су		$\otimes$
			Save Cancel
	cess Control		
			Platforms Supported
For	All Platforms		
	Block Email, AppConnect apps, an	when a device has not connected to Core in	day(s)
	Block Email, AppConnect apps, an	when a policy has been out of date for day(s)	0
V	MTP - High Risk	when a device violates following App Control rules:	
	Rule Type: Required		
	Available	Enabled	
	Threats Present Trigger	MTP High Risk Trigger	
	Install AFW Pulse Secure	•	

## 2.7.7.4 Apply Lookout MES Label to MobileIron Security Policy

The following steps will apply the MTP - High Risk label to the security policy created in the previous section. As a result, once the Lookout cloud service applies the label to any device with a detected highrisk threat and such a device checks in with MobileIron, the security policy will automatically be applied to it (provided it is of higher priority than the policy currently applied). In turn, that will cause the MTP High Risk Trigger App Control policy to be violated and the MTP - High Risk Compliance Action to be taken. Once Lookout detects that the threat has been resolved, the Lookout service will remove the MTP - High Risk label, and on device check-in, MobileIron will then apply the next-lower-priority security policy.

- 1. In the MobileIron Admin Portal, navigate to Policies & Configs > Policies.
- 2. On the **Policies** page:
  - a. Select the check box in the MTP High Risk security policy item.
  - b. Select More Actions > Apply to Label; the Apply to Label dialogue opens.

### Figure 2-128 Policy List

(	🚺 > CORE		Dashboar	rd Dev	ices & Users	Admin Apps	Policies	s & Configs	Services	Setting	s Log	gs
			Config	urations	Policies	ActiveSync Policies	Gom	pliance Polici	es Compliar	ice Actio	ons	
De	lete More Actions	Add New - L	abels: All-S	Smartphone	is 💌	Search by User	P	Policy Type: S	Search by Policy Ty	pe 💌	Search	by Nan
	Policy Name	Priority 🔺	Status	Descr	Туре	Last Modified	# Phones	Labels		Wa	tch List	(44)
	Appthority Android	APPCONNECT - 1	Active	Allows	APPCONNECT	2017-11-16 12:26:0	11	Android, Appt	hority	1		
	MTP High Risk	SECURITY - 1	Active	Applie	SECURITY	2018-06-12 11:20:2	0	MTP - High R	isk	0		

- c. In the Apply to Label dialogue:
  - i. Select the check box for the **MTP High Risk** item.
  - ii. Select Apply.

#### Figure 2-129 Apply To Label Dialogue

Apply To Label		×
Search by Name or Description	on	
Name 🔺	Description	Installed
Lookout for Work	Used to identify devices enrolled wit	Not Applied
macOS	Label for all macOS Devices.	Not Applied
Mobile Users	Label for users authorized to access	Not Applied
MTP - Deactivated	Device lifecycle: deactivated in Look	Not Applied
MTP - High Risk	Risk posture: high-risk devices in Lo	Not Applied
MTP - Low Risk	Risk posture: low-risk devices in Loo	Not Applied
MTP - Moderate Risk	Risk posture: moderate risk devices	Not Applied
MTP - Pending	Device lifecycle: pending devices in	Not Applied
MTP - Secured	Device lifecycle: secured by Lookout.	Not Applied
MTP - Threats Present	Device lifecycle: threats on device d	Not Applied
NoAgent	Only for devices without the Mobile	Not Applied
Signed-Out	Label for devices that are in a multi	Not Applied
📢 🖣 Page 1 of 2 🖡	N   2	1 - 20 of 22
Apply		

# 2.8 Integration of Appthority Mobile Threat Detection with MobileIron

Appthority provides an on-premises connector for MobileIron that runs as a Docker container on RedHat Linux. The connector uses the MobileIron API to obtain information on managed devices and their installed apps, which is then synchronized with the cloud service instance to obtain app and device risk scores, which are assigned to devices using custom attributes. The following sections provide the steps to create a MobileIron API account and deploy and configure the Appthority connector.

# 2.8.1 Create MobileIron API Account for Appthority Connector

The following steps will create an administrative account that will grant Appthority the specific permissions it requires within MobileIron.

- 1. In the MobileIron Admin Portal, navigate to Devices & Users > Users.
- 2. On the Users page:
  - a. Select Add > Add Local User; the Add New User dialogue opens.
  - b. In the Add New User dialogue:
    - i. In the **User ID** field, enter the **user identity** the Appthority connector will authenticate under. Our implementation uses a value of **Appthority**.
    - ii. In the First Name field, enter a generic first name for Appthority.
    - iii. In the Last Name field, enter a generic last name for Appthority.
    - iv. In the **Display Name** field, optionally enter a displayed name for this user account.
    - v. In the **Password** field, provide the password the **Appthority** identity will use to authenticate to MobileIron.
    - vi. In the **Confirm Password** field, enter the same password as in the preceding step.
    - vii. In the **Email** field, provide an email account for the **Appthority** identity; this should be an account under the control of your organization.
    - viii. Click Save.

#### Figure 2-130 Appthority User Settings

Add New User	×
User ID	appthority
First Name	Appthority
Last Name	Connector
Display Name	Appthority Connector
Password	•••••
Confirm Password	•••••
Email	appthority@mds.local
	Cancel Save

- 3. In the MobileIron Admin Portal, navigate to Admin.
- 4. On the **Admin** page:
  - a. Enable the account you created for **Appthority** during Step 2.
  - b. Select Actions > Assign to Space; this opens the Assign to Space dialogue for the Appthority account.

#### Figure 2-131 Appthority Connector User

K	> CORE	Dashboard	Devices & Users A	dmin	Apps	Policies & Configs	Sei	rvices	Settings	Logs
		Admins	Device Spaces							
	Actions -				To Au	uthorized Users	*	Search by	User Id	Q
	NAME	USER ID	EMAIL	SOUR	CE	ROLES			ADMIN S	PACES
	admin	admin		Local		API, Add device, Apply	and rer	move co	Global	
<b>v</b>	Appthority Connector	appthority	appthority@govt.mds.local	Local		API, Add device, Apply	and rer	move co	Global	
	Kryptowire 2 MobileIro	kryptowire	kryptowire@govt.mds.local	Local		API, View dashboard, V	iew de	vice page.	Global	

- c. In the Assign to Space dialogue:
  - i. In the Select Space drop-down menu, select Global.

Assign to Space - Appthority Connector	×
Select Space Global	
Admin Roles	
Select all admin roles	

ii. **Enable** each of the following settings:

Device Management > View device page, device details
Privacy Control > View apps and ibooks in device details
App Management > Apply and remove application label
Other Roles > API

iii. Click Save.

# 2.8.2 Deploy Appthority Connector Open Virtualization Appliance

One deployment option for the Appthority connector is a pre-built RedHat virtual machine distributed as an Open Virtualization Appliance (OVA). We imported the OVA into our virtual lab environment following guidance provided in *Connector On-Premises: Virtual Machine Setup* available from the Appthority support portal: <u>https://support.appthority.com/</u>.

# 2.8.3 Run the Enterprise Mobility Management Connector Deployment Script

Once the Appthority docker container is running, the setup script will configure it to use the MobileIron API account created previously. Detailed instructions on using the script are available on the Appthority support portal at <a href="https://help-mtp.appthority.com/SetUp/EMM/EMM\_Script/Run-">https://help-mtp.appthority.com/SetUp/EMM/EMM\_Script/Run-</a>

<u>EMMDeployScript.html.</u> The first two steps ask for Appthority-supplied credentials necessary to verify your subscription and to link the connector with the correct instance of their cloud service. In the third step you will provide details to integrate with your on-premises instance of MobileIron core. Our results from completing the third step are shown below.

- Obtain a copy of *Run the EMM Connector Deployment Script* from the Appthority support portal at <u>https://help-mtp.appthority.com/SetUp/EMM/EMM\_Script/Run-</u> <u>EMMDeployScript.html</u> (authentication to the portal is required).
- 2. **Execute** the script. The third step in the script involves providing settings to enable the Appthority Connector to communicate with MobileIron Core. The results of our completion of that step are provided below as a reference.

Figure 2-133 Appthority Connector CLI Configuration



3. Once the script has been completed, verify successful synchronization with the Appthority cloud service by accessing the Appthority MTP portal and navigating to **Admin > EMM** and viewing items under **Connector Status.** 

#### Figure 2-134 Appthority EMM Connector Status

	ty CTION				sdog@mitre.org
C DASHBOARD	DEVICES	APPS			
Organization Users <b>EM</b>	M MTP Mobile App				
Vendor / Product		Connector Status	(?)	Appthority Connector	
MobileIron Core	e (On-Premises)	<ul><li>App Inventory</li><li>Device Informat</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Remediation</li> </ul>	v1.3.2 On-premises	

# 2.9 Registering Devices with MobileIron Core

In this scenario, the employee manages their own personal apps, data, and many device functions. The organization manages work-related apps and data, and has control over specific device functions, such as requiring a complex device unlock PIN or being able to remotely wipe a lost device. The mechanisms to achieve similar security characteristics between iOS and Android devices differ.

# 2.9.1 Supervising and Registering iOS Devices

Many MDM-based security controls are only applicable to iOS devices that are running in Supervised Mode. The following steps outline how to place an iOS device into this mode, and then register with MobileIron Core.

# 2.9.1.1 Resetting the iOS Device

Before a device can be placed into Supervised Mode, it must be in a factory-reset state with the Activation Lock on the device removed. If Activation Lock is in-place, Configurator 2 will be unable to place the device into Supervised Mode.

### 2.9.1.1.1 Reset an Unsupervised Device Using Settings App

If a device is not already in Supervised Mode, it is recommended to have the current device user manually reset and activate the device to factory settings using the following steps:

- 1. Navigate to **Settings > General > Reset.**
- 2. Select Erase All Content and Settings.

Figure 2-135 iOS Reset Screen

all ବ	10:39 AM	*
<b>〈</b> General	Reset	
Reset All Settin	ngs	
Erase All Conte	ent and Settings	
Reset Network	Settings	
Reset Keyboar	d Dictionary	
Reset Home S	creen Layout	
Reset Location	a & Privacy	

3. At the warning that this will delete all media and data and reset all settings, select **Erase iPhone.** 

#### Figure 2-136 Erase iPhone Confirmation

<b>ull ≎</b> 3:20 PM <b>*</b> 📑 +
Ceneral Reset
Reset All Settings
Erase All Content and Settings
Reset Network Settings
Reset Keyboard Dictionary
Reset Home Screen Layout
Reset Location & Privacy
This will delete all media and data, and reset all settings.
Erase iPhone
Cancel

4. At the warning that all media, data, and settings will be irreversibly erased, select **Erase iPhone.** Once the reset process is complete, the device will reboot and need to be activated.

#### Figure 2-137 Erase iPhone Final Confirmation

내 (국 3:21 PM	* 💼 +
Ceneral Reset	
Reset All Settings	
Erase All Content and Settings	
Reset Network Settings	
Reset Keyboard Dictionary	
Reset Home Screen Layout	
Reset Location & Privacy	
Are you sure you want to continue? and settings will be eras	All media, data, sed.
This cannot be undon	е.
Erase iPhone	
Cancel	

- 5. Once the device displays the Hello screen, press the Home key.
- 6. At the Select Your Language screen, select English.
- 7. At the Select Your Country or Region screen, select United States.
- 8. At the Quick Start screen select Set up Manually.
- 9. At the Choose a Wi-Fi Network screen, select the Service Set Identifier (SSID) for the network and authenticate to your on-premises SSID Wi-Fi network; the device should indicate it is being activated. Note: you may need to attempt activation again if there is a delay in the device establishing connectivity to the internet.
- 10. Stop at the Data & Privacy screen. At this point, the device should be placed into Supervised Mode using Configurator 2.

### 2.9.1.1.2 Reset a Supervised Device Using Configurator 2

- 1. Connect the iOS device with the system running Configurator 2 over Universal Serial Bus (USB).
- 2. On the device at the Enter Passcode screen (if locked), enter the device unlock passcode.

Figure 2-138 Entering iOS Passcode



3. At the **Trust this Computer?** dialogue, select **Trust.** Note that this step, along with step that follows, is only encountered the first time a device is paired with a given system.



Figure 2-139 iOS Trust Computer Confirmation

- 4. At the Enter Device Passcode to Trust This Computer screen:
  - a. Enter the device unlock passcode.
  - b. Click OK.

Figure 2-140 Entering Passcode to Trust Computer



- 5. In **Configurator 2**, select the **representation** of the connected device.
- 6. From the **context** menu, select **Advanced > Erase All Content and Settings**.
- 7. At the **Are you sure you want to erase "<device name>"?** dialogue, select **Erase.**

### Figure 2-141 Configurator 2 Erase Confirmation

Are you sure you iPhone"? This wi and reset all set	i want to erase " ill delete all med tings.	Spike's ia and data,
You cannot undo thi	s action.	
	Cancel	Erase

This publication is available free of charge from: http://doi.org/10.6028/NIST.SP.1800-21

- 8. At the License Agreement screen:
  - a. **Review** the license agreement.
  - b. Select Accept to agree to the license and continue using the software.
- Configurator 2 will take several minutes to restore the device to factory default settings.
   Configurator 2 will also activate the device following restoration.

#### Figure 2-142 Restoring iPhone

Restoring iOS on "Spike's iPhone" Step 1 of 3: Downloading iOS	
	Cancel

## 2.9.1.2 Placing an iOS Device into Supervised Mode

iOS devices that have been factory reset and subsequently activated (the Activation Lock has been removed) can be placed into Supervised Mode using software available from Apple, Configurator 2, by the following steps:

- 1. Pair the target iOS device with the system running Configurator 2 over USB.
- Navigate to Configurator 2 > Unsupervised; a representation of the connected device should appear.
- 3. On the **All Devices** tab:
  - a. **Select** the representation of the paired device.
  - b. From the **context** menu, select **Prepare**; a wizard opens to guide the process.
- 4. For the **Prepare Devices** step:
  - a. Enable Supervise Devices.
  - b. Select Next.

### Figure 2-143 Device Preparation Options

Preparing devices devices before yo	Preparing devices is the first step in any deployment. You need to prepare devices before you distribute them to users.		
Prepare with:	Manual Configuration		
·	<ul> <li>Add to Device Enrollment Program</li> <li>Activate and complete enrollment</li> <li>Supervise devices</li> <li>Allow devices to pair with other computers</li> <li>Enable Shared iPad</li> </ul>		
Cancel	Previous		

- 5. For the **Enroll in MDM Server** step:
  - a. Ensure the Server drop-down menu has Do not enroll in MDM selected.
  - b. Select Next.

### Figure 2-144 MDM Server Selection

Enroll in I Choos if desir	Enroll in MDM Server Choose an MDM server to manage the devices remotely over the air, if desired.		
©	ver: Do not enroll in MDM	0	
Cancel	Previous	ext	

6. For the Sign into the Device Enrollment Program step, select Skip.


Sign in to the	Device Enrollment Program
	Apple ID example@icloud.com
	Next
•	Create new Apple ID Forgot Apple ID or password?
Cancel	Previous Skip

#### 7. For the Assign to Organization step:

- a. If you have previously created your organization, select **Next** and continue with Step 9.
- b. If you have not created your organization, from the **Organization** drop-down menu, select **New Organization...**

#### Figure 2-146 Organization Assignment Dialogue

	Choose the organ Settings > Genera information, which	ization which will be used to supervise the devices al > About will display the organization's contact h cannot be changed without erasing the devices.	).
	Organization:	New Organization	0
/			
0			

#### 8. At the Create an Organization screen:

- a. In the **Name** field, enter the name of your organization.
- b. In the **Phone** field, enter an appropriate support number for your mobility program.
- c. In the **Email** field, enter an appropriate support email for your mobility program.
- d. In the Address field, enter the address for your organization.
- e. Select Next.

#### Figure 2-147 Creating an Organization

	Enter information about the organization.	
	Name: NCCoE MDSE Lab	
	Phone:	
/	Email: mobile-nccoe@nist.gov	
	Address:	
	?	

- 9. If your organization has established a digital identity for placing devices into **Supervised Mode:** 
  - a. Continue with Step 10. **Note:** that the same digital identity must be used for any given device.
  - b. Otherwise, continue with Step 14.
- 10. In the Create an Organization screen:
  - a. For the **Generate or choose a supervision identity** option, select **Choose an existing su**pervision identity.
  - b. Select Next.





#### 11. Select Choose...

#### Figure 2-149 Organization Selection



#### 12. At the Choose a supervising identity for the organization dialogue:

- a. Select the digital certificate from the list of those available to the system.
- b. Select Choose.

Figure 2-150 Supervising Identity Selection

	Choose a supervising ide	ntity for the organization.	
📷 iPhone	Developer: Spike Dog (	) (Apple Worldwide Developer Rel	ati
	Show Certificate	Cancel Choo	se

13. At the Create an Organization screen, select Next.

#### Figure 2-151 Selected Organization

~ ~	Certificate	iPhone Developer: Spike Dog ( ) Issued by: Apple Worldwide Developer Relations Certification Authority Expires: Tuesday, November 6, 2018 at 1:46:30 PM Eastern Standard Time This certificate is valid
		Choose

14. In the Create an Organization screen:

- a. For the Generate or choose a supervision identity option, select Generate a new supervision identity.
- b. Select Next.



#### Figure 2-152 Create an Organization Supervision Identity Configuration

- 15. For the **Configure iOS Setup Assistant** step:
  - a. Ensure the **Setup Assistant** drop-down menu shows **Show only some steps** selected; additional options will appear.
  - b. Enable each of the Privacy, Passcode, Apple ID, and Location Services check-boxes.
  - c. Select Prepare.



	Choose which steps	s will be presented to the	e user in Setup Assistant.
	Setup Assistant:	Show only some step	os 🗘
		Language	Location Services
		Region	Siri
		Keyboard	App Analytics
		Privacy	Display Zoom
0		Passcode	Home Button
		Touch ID	True Tone
		Apple Pay	iMessage
		Apps & Data	Watch Migration
		Move from Android	New Feature Highlights
	?	🗸 Apple ID	

16. **Configurator 2** will take several minutes to prepare the device and place it into **Supervised Mode.** 

Figure 2-154 Waiting for iPhone

Preparing "Spike's iPhone" Waiting for the device	
	Cancel

# 2.9.1.3 Registration with MobileIron Core

The following steps will register an iOS device in Supervised Mode with MobileIron Core, which uses a web-based process rather than the *Mobile@Work* app.

1. Using **Safari**, navigate to the **MobileIron Core** page, substituting <FQDN> for your organization's instance of MobileIron Core. In our example implementation, the resulting URL is *https://mi-core.govt.mdse.nccoe.org/go*.

Figure 2-155 iOS Device MobileIron Registration Page

No Service	€ 2:08 PM
	MobileIron
To cont enter yo	igure and secure your iOS device, please ur username and password, and then tap 'Register'.
Usernan	e:
jason	
Passwor	d:
•••••	• 1
	Register
~ V	Done
	Passwords
q w	ertyuiop
a s	d f g h j k l
٥Z	x c v b n m 🛛
123	space Go

2. At the **warning** that the web site is trying to open **Settings** to show a configuration profile, select **Allow**; the **Settings** built-in app opens.

#### **Figure 2-156 Opening Settings Confirmation**



- 3. At the Settings > Install Profile screen:
  - a. Verify the Signed by field indicates the server identity is Verified.
  - b. Select Install.

Figure 2-157 Profile Installation

<b>12:40</b> ◀ Safari		🗢 🔳
Cancel	Install Profile	Install
	Profile Service	
Signed by	mi-core.govt.mdse.nccoe.org Verified ✓	
Description	Enter device into the NCCOE encryp profile service	ted
Contains	Device Enrollment Challenge	
More Det	ails	>

4. At the Installing Profile screen, select Install.

#### Figure 2-158 Profile Installation



- 5. At the Warning screen:
  - a. Verify that information under **Root Certificate** and **MDM** is consistent with information provided by your mobile device administrator.
  - b. Select Install.

#### Figure 2-159 Profile Installation Warning



Installing the certificate "DigiCert Global Root G2" will add it to the list of trusted certificates on your iPhone.

MOBILE DEVICE MANAGEMENT

Installing this profile will allow the administrator at "https://micore.govt.mdse.nccoe.org/mifs/c/i/mdm/ mdm.html?c= " to remotely manage your iPhone.

The administrator may collect personal data, add/remove accounts and restrictions, install, manage, and list apps, and remotely erase data on your iPhone.

6. In the **Remote Management** dialogue, select **Trust**.

#### Figure 2-160 Profile Installation Trust Confirmation

12:40 ∢ Safari	)		🕈 🖿
Cance	Warn	ing	Install
ROOT C	ERTIFICATE		
Installin G2" wil on your	ng the certificate I add it to the list r iPhone.	"DigiCert GI of trusted c	obal Root ertificates
MOBILE	DEVICE MANAGEMEI	NT	
Installin adminis	ig this profile will	allow the /mi-	
core.	Remote Ma	nagement	
mana	Do you trust this p enroll your iPhor manage	rofile's source t ne into remote ment?	0
The a			ata,
add/re	Cancel	Trust	stall,
manag.	·, ·		ie

7. At the **Profile Installed** screen, select **Done**. The device is now registered with MobileIron.

Figure 2-161 Profile Installation Confirmation

12:40 ◀ Safari		숙 🔳
	Profile Installed	Done
	NCCOE NCCOE	
Signed by	mi-core.govt.mdse.nccoe.org	
Description	NCCOE - Encrypted Configuration	
Contains	Mobile Device Management Device Identity Certificate 3 Certificates	
More Det	ails	>

# 2.9.2 Activating Lookout for Work on iOS

The configuration of the Lookout for Work (iOS) app in the MobileIron app catalogue causes a configuration file to be included during the automatic install.

Upon launching the app, additional action is required to grant Lookout for Work the permissions necessary for it to provide optimal protection.

1. Launch the **Lookout for Work** app; activation occurs silently at the **splash** screen.

Figure 2-162 Lookout for Work Splash Screen



2. At the welcome screen, select Continue.

#### Figure 2-163 Lookout for Work Permission Information



3. At the "Lookout Work" Would Like to Send You Notifications dialogue, select Allow.

**Figure 2-164 Notifications Permissions Prompt** 



4. At the Allow "Lookout Work" To Access Your Location? dialogue, select Always Allow.

Figure 2-165 Locations Permission Prompt



5. **Lookout for Work** should automatically perform scans of device and app activity and provide feedback to the user.

#### Figure 2-166 Lookout for Work Home Screen



# 2.9.3 Provisioning Work-Managed Android Devices with a Work Profile

In this scenario, Android devices are deployed as work-managed with a work profile. Enabling this feature for AFW-capable devices requires a change to the AFW configuration. It also requires that the device user already has a personal Google account to provision the work profile; it is not created as part of the workflow to register a device with MobileIron Core.

#### 2.9.3.1 Enable Work Profile on Work-Managed Devices

- 1. In the MobileIron Admin Portal, navigate to Policies > Configs > Configurations.
- 2. Enable the check box in the row for the AFW configuration.
- 3. In the Configuration Details pane, select Edit.

#### Figure 2-167 MobileIron AFW Configuration

(	🚺 > CORE	Dashl	board Devices &	& Users	Admin	Apps	Po	licies & Configs	Servi	ces Settings	Logs
		Co	onfigurations Po	olicies	ActiveS	ync Policies	0	Compliance Policies	s (	Compliance Actions	
Ac	tions • Add New • Space	es: Filter by Space	e 🖌 Lab	els: Filte	r by Label		•	Search by User	Q	Configuration Type:	Filter by Configurat
	Name 🔺	Configuration	Bundle/Package ID	Desc	# Phones	Configuration	De	tails			*
	Activate Lookout	MANAGED AP	com.lookout.work	Activ	4						Edit
	Android for Work Configur	ANDROIDFOR		Creat	<u>12</u>	Android	fr	work Config	urati	on	
	Appthority Mobile Intellige	MANAGED AP	com.appthority.Appt	Identi	4	Device Sp	bac	e: Global	araci	511	

- 4. In the Edit Android enterprise (all modes) Setting dialogue:
  - a. Enable Enable Managed Devices with Work Profile on the devices.
  - b. Enable Add Google account.
  - c. In the **Google Account** text box, provide a valid Google domain account. The example in our reference implementation will map a MobileIron user ID of **gema** to an email address of **mdse.gema@gmail.com**. This needs to be done for each user. See *MobileIron Core 9.4.0.0 Device Management Guide for AFW* for a list of variables to appropriately adapt this field to your existing identity management strategy.
  - d. Click Save.

#### Figure 2-168 AFW Configuration

Edit Android enterprise (all	modes) Setting		×
Name	Android for Work Configuration		
Description	Created to support Android for Work configuration options on Android devices.		
	Enable Managed Device with Work Profile on the devices		
	Auto update Mobile@Work app on the devices		
For Android 6.0 and hig	gher only		
	Enable Runtime Permissions		
	User Prompt		
	Always Accept		
	Always Deny		
	Add Google Account		
Google Account	mdse.\$USERID\$@gmail.com		
For Android 7.0 and hig	Jher only		
	Work Challenge		
		Cancel	Save

## 2.9.3.2 Registering Android Devices

The following steps can only be completed when working with an Android device that is still set to (or has been reset to) factory default settings.

- 1. When prompted to sign in with your Google Account:
  - a. In the Email or phone field, enter afw#mobileiron.core.
  - b. Select Next.

#### Figure 2-169 MobileIron Enrollment Process

হ: "# 91% 💼
Google
Sign in
Sign in
with your Google Account. Learn more
Email or phone
afw#mobileiron.core
Forgot email?
Create account NEXT
(c) afw#mobileiron.core ~
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0
qwertyuiop
a s d f g h j k l
☆ z x c v b n m <
!#1 , @ EN(US)com Go

2. When **AFW** prompts you to install *Mobile@Work*, select **Install**; this downloads the Mobile@Work client to the device.

#### Figure 2-170 AFW Enrollment

के. 🛋 90% 🗎

## Ð

#### Android for Work

This account requires mobile device management. Install the Mobile@Work app to enforce security policies required by the account.

Mobile@Work

SKIP	INSTALL
<	

3. At the prompt to install MobileIron, select Install.

#### 1. 11

MobileIron Do you want to install this application? It does not require any special access.
MobileIron Do you want to install this application? It does not require any special access.
Do you want to install this application? It does not require any special access.
CANCEL INSTALL
<

4. At the Set up your device screen, select Accept.

#### Figure 2-172 Accepting AFW Terms and Conditions

🗟 🖉 89% 🗐

#### Ĉ

#### Set up your device

Your admin can monitor and manage settings, corporate access, apps, permissions, theft-protection features, and data associated with this phone, including network activity and your phone's location information.

Knox Terms and Conditions

Privacy Policy Google

Your organization will manage and monitor this device using the following app:



CANCEL

ACCEPT >

 This screen notifies the user of the data that *Mobile@Work* collects and how it is used. When this information has been reviewed, select **Accept.** Mobile@Work minimizes and returns to the operating system home screen.



#### Figure 2-173 MobileIron Privacy Information

6. When MobileIron sends a **Configuration Required** notification, select the **notification**.

#### Figure 2-174 MobileIron Configuration Required Notification



7. On the **Device Status** > **Create Work Profile** screen, select **Continue**.

#### Figure 2-175 MobileIron Device Status



Android enterprise (AFW) creates a separate work profile to access work data and keeps it separate from your personal data. In the next steps, you will be guided to set up your Android enterprise (AFW) profile.

	CONTINUE
1	<

8. At the AFW prompt, select Continue.

#### Figure 2-176 AFW Configuration



9. **AFW** notifies the user that it is creating the personal workspace. The next two screens repeat Steps 3 and 4 as above.

#### Figure 2-177 AFW Workspace Creation



10. At the **Device Status** > **Work Profile Lock Preferences** screen, select **Continue.** 

#### Figure 2-178 MobileIron Work Profile Lock Preferences



	CONTINUE
2	ć

- 11. The user will be prompted to create a passcode to protect the AFW container.
- 12. At the Device Status > Add Google Account screen, select Continue.

#### Figure 2-179 MobileIron Google Account Configuration

2:45 🗟 🖹	¥! 🖘 al 🛢
$\equiv$ Device Status	c
Add Google Accord	unt
YOUR GOOGLE ACCOUNT EMAII mdse.gema@gmail.com	L IS:
In the next steps, you will be ask associated password for this to	ed to enter the

	-	CONTINUE
111	0	<

- 13. The user will be prompted to authenticate to the same Google domain account mapped to their MobileIron account based on the email address set in the AFW configuration in MobileIron Core. In our example implementation, the mapped Google account is mdse.gema@gmail.com.
- 14. Once the *Mobile@Work* app has been provisioned with the user's account, the Device Status screen should appear; the device has now successfully been provisioned into Mobilelron.

#### Figure 2-180 MobileIron Device Status



# You're all set! Currently there are no updates needing your attention.

1	<

# Appendix A List of Acronyms

AD	Active Directory
AFW	Android for Work
ΑΡΙ	Application Programming Interface
CA	Certificate Authority
COPE	Corporate-Owned Personally-Enabled
DMZ	Demilitarized Zone
DN	Distinguished Name
DNS	Domain Name System
DPC	Derived Personal Identity Verification Credential
EMM	Enterprise Mobility Management
FQDN	Fully Qualified Domain Name
GOVT	Government
нттр	Hypertext Transfer Protocol
HTTPS	Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure
ID	Identifier
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
IP	Internet Protocol
LAN	Local Area Network
LDAP	Lightweight Directory Access Protocol
MDM	Mobile Device Management
MDS	Mobile Device Security
MES	Mobile Endpoint Security
МТР	Mobile Threat Posture
NAT	Network Address Translation
NCCoE	National Cybersecurity Center of Excellence
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
NTP	Network Time Protocol
OVA	Open Virtualization Appliance
PLIST	Property List
SCEP	Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol
SSH	Secure Shell

SSID	Service Set Identifier
SSL	Secure Sockets Layer
TLS	Transport Layer Security
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
USB	Universal Serial Bus
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network
VPN	Virtual Private Network
WAN	Wide Area Network

# Appendix B Glossary

Application Programming Interface (API)	A system access point or library function that has a well-defined syntax and is accessible from application programs or user code to provide well-defined functionality [1].
App-Vetting Process	The process of verifying that an app meets an organization's security requirements. An app vetting process comprises app testing and app approval/rejection activities [2].
Authenticate	Verifying the identity of a user, process, or device, often as a prerequisite to allowing access to resources in an information system [3].
Certificate	A data structure that contains an entity's identifier(s), the entity's public key (including an indication of the associated set of domain parameters) and possibly other information, along with a signature on that data set that is generated by a trusted party, i.e., a certificate authority, thereby binding the public key to the included identifier(s) [4].
Certificate Authority (CA)	A trusted entity that issues and revokes public key certificates [5].
Corporate-Owned Personally-Enabled (COPE)	A device owned by an enterprise and issued to an employee. Both the enterprise and the employee can install applications onto the device.
Demilitarized Zone (DMZ)	An interface on a routing firewall that is similar to the interfaces found on the firewall's protected side. Traffic moving between the DMZ and other interfaces on the protected side of the firewall still goes through the firewall and can have firewall protection policies applied [6].
Derived Personal Identity Verification (PIV)	A credential issued based on proof of possession and control of the PIV Card, so as not to duplicate the identity proofing process as defined in [SP 800-63-2]. A Derived PIV Credential token is a hardware or software-based token that contains the Derived PIV Credential [7].
Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP)	A standard method for communication between clients and Web servers [8].
Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS)	HTTP transmitted over TLS [9].

Internet Protocol (IP) addresses	Standard protocol for transmission of data from source to destinations in packet-switched communications networks and interconnected systems of such networks [10].
Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP)	The Lightweight Directory Access Protocol, or LDAP, is a directory access protocol. In this document, LDAP refers to the protocol defined by RFC 1777, which is also known as LDAP V2. LDAP V2 describes unauthenticated retrieval mechanisms [11].
Local Area Network (LAN)	A group of computers and other devices dispersed over a relatively limited area and connected by a communications link that enables any device to interact with any other on the network [12].
Mutual Authentication	The process of both entities involved in a transaction verifying each other [13].
Passphrase	A passphrase is a memorized secret consisting of a sequence of words or other text that a claimant uses to authenticate their identity. A passphrase is similar to a password in usage, but is generally longer for added security [14].
Personal Identity Verification (PIV)	A physical artifact (e.g., identity card, "smart" card) issued to a government individual that contains stored identity credentials (e.g., photograph, cryptographic keys, digitized fingerprint representation) so that the claimed identity of the cardholder can be verified against the stored credentials by another person (human readable and verifiable) or an automated process (computer readable and verifiable). PIV requirements are defined in FIPS PUB 201 [15].
Risk Analysis	The process of identifying the risks to system security and determining the probability of occurrence, the resulting impact, and the additional safeguards that mitigate this impact. Part of risk management and synonymous with risk assessment [16].
Risk Assessment	The process of identifying risks to organizational operations (including mission, functions, image, reputation), organizational assets, individuals, other organizations, and the Nation, resulting from the operation of an information system [17].
Root Certificate Authority (CA)	In a hierarchical public key infrastructure (PKI), the certification authority (CA) whose public key serves as the most trusted datum (i.e., the beginning of trust paths) for a security domain [18].
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