92 Years to DevOps
A Motorola Solutions Story

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Chief Security Architect

MOTOROLA SOLUTIONS
In the Beginning ...
**DEVELOPMENT**

- Waterfall-style development approaches
- Monolithic applications & systems
- Infrequent product releases: 6-12 months
- Checkpoints / gates between phases

**CYBERSECURITY**

- Manual security checkpoints at each phase
- One time assessments
- Exclusive access to security tools
- Sign off before release
Then Something Happened.
### Before

- **On Prem Systems**
- **Closed Source**
- **Monolithic Architecture**
- **Long Lived Infrastructure**
- **6-12 Month Release Cycle**

### After

- **Cloud + Mobile**
- **Embracing Open Source**
- **Microservices-Based Architecture**
- **Immutable & Ephemeral Infrastructure**
- **Daily / Hourly Releases**

*Not Your Father's Oldsmobile...*
Security needed to change.
(and so did development)
The Great Chicago Fire of 1871
Lessons Learned and applicability to security in the age of DevOps
CULTURE SHIFT IN HOW WE APPROACH SECURITY

The Businesses
● Development teams = first line of defense
● Business owns the risk (at the right level)

Cybersecurity Organization
● Cyber org = second line of defense
● Enable business owners to make risk-based decisions for their products & customers
● Enable developers to own the security of their code

Hiring more security professionals is not the solution
### DEVELOPER
- Security Champion program
- One champ per scrum team
- Focused training on Threat modelling, secure coding
- Access to security scanning tools for quick feedback
- Make it fun! - devs embrace it (easiest change but requires investment)

### PRODUCT MANAGER
- **Quantify risk impact**
  - Product & customer context

- **Risk-based backlog prioritization**
  - Draw the "line" to recommend what should be fixed

- **Trained in security processes**
  - Pre- & post-release security
  - Incident response & recovery

### BUSINESS OWNER
- **Leadership support**
  - Drive cyber culture from the top
  - Hold product teams accountable

- **Accountability**
  - Risk owner of severe product & business risks
  - Accept known risks and treatment plans

- **Trained in security processes**
  - Crisis management
§ CYBERSECURITY TEAM

POLICY | TRAINING | ENABLEMENT

From the team of ‘no’ to the team of ‘how’
- Empower developers to build secure code
- Empower product owners to prioritize their risk management activities
- Empower business owners to accept risk (at the right level)
- Provide Training & Awareness
- Provide Policy, Standards, Guidelines, and Best Practices
- Provide Threat Intelligence, Pen tests, AppSec toolchain

Learn to Let go
- Recognize what can be taught or delegated
- Remove ourselves from critical paths
- Leave business decisions to the risk owners (NO SIGN-OFF)
From my experience all software developers are now security engineers wether they know it, admit to it or do it. Your code is now the security of the org you work for. #GoldenAgeOfDefense
INTEGRATED SECURITY
CONTINUOUS DEVELOPMENT + CONTINUOUS SECURITY
INTEGRATED SECURITY
CONTINUOUS DEVELOPMENT + CONTINUOUS SECURITY

Security activities before code is checked into version control:
- DEVELOPER TRAINING
- THREAT MODELING
- SECURITY AND PRIVACY STORIES
- IDE SECURITY PLUGINS
- PRE-COMMIT SECURITY HOOKS
- SECURE CODING STANDARDS
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DEVELOPER TRAINING
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Fast, automated security checks during the build and Continuous Integration steps.
STATIC CODE ANALYSIS
SECURITY UNIT TESTS
SOFTWARE COMPOSITION ANALYSIS
CONTAINER SECURITY
CONTAINER HARDENING
CONTAINER IMAGE SIGNING
Static Code Analysis

Continuous Development + Continuous Security

- White box testing (has full access to code)
- Looks for weaknesses in proprietary code (such as SQLi) that could (potentially) result in an exploitable vulnerability
- Finds bugs earlier in the SDLC where they are cheaper to fix
- Lacks ability to discover runtime and environment issues
- It’s still not fast enough, and needs to catch up to the velocity of development
- Can produce too many findings to be actionable, and also false positives
<table>
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<tr>
<th>80%</th>
<th>40m+</th>
<th>1,568</th>
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<td>The average percentage of an application comprised of open source software components</td>
<td>Developers on GitHub, including 10m new users in 2019. Over 44m new code repos created in 2019.</td>
<td>The number of open source components pulled in to create a “Hello World” program in a popular web framework (1.1m lines of code)</td>
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SOFTWARE COMPOSITION ANALYSIS
WHAT’S IN YOUR CODE?

- Enumerates the open source packages used by code and builds a Software Bill of Materials (SBOM)
- Cross-references the inventory in the SBOM with KNOWN vulnerabilities from the Mitre National Vulnerability Database (NVD)
- Also produces licensing findings (addresses the legal risk of OSS)

Software Component Transparency
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Automated security acceptance, function testing, and deep out-of-band scanning during Continuous Delivery.
SECURITY SCANNING (DAST)
DYNAMIC SECURITY SCANNING
ATTACKING YOUR CODE

- Operates on running code
- Black box testing (outside-in), has no knowledge of the internal source code or frameworks.
- Unlike the others, DAST attempts actual exploits.

Later in the SDLC and hence more costing to fix.

😢 Limitations: mostly just for web pages. Even web services is lacking :-(

😢
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  - SOFTWARE COMPOSITION ANALYSIS

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  - SECURITY SCANNING (DAST)

- Vulnerability Management
  - IDENTIFY
  - TRIAGE
  - PRIORITIZE
  - VALIDATE
  - DEPLOY

- Container Security
  - CONTAINER HARDENING
  - CONTAINER IMAGE SIGNING
WHAT GETS MEASURED GETS DONE

- Is the rate at which security defects are introduced into applications trending down?

- Are security defects that are introduced getting caught earlier in the development cycle?

- Are the TOTAL number of security defects in production going down over time?

- What is the average time to remediate?

“Security has a problem with Measurability.” #AppSecDC 2019 security conference
THANK YOU

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**TAKEAWAYS**

- **Development teams = first line of defense**
  - Software Engineer = Security Engineer

- **Security team = second line of defense**
  - Enable developers to own the security of their code (and security needs to slot into dev, not the other way around)
  - Enable business owners to make risk-based decisions for their products & customers (at the right level)

- Pick one or two metrics, get good at them, and then pick a few more

- Get senior leadership buy-in!